

TO ALL FOREIGN VISITORS WHO REALLY WANT TO GET TO KNOW

MY COUNTRY, GREECE.

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AROUND THE CITY

TRANSLATION: TINA KARAGIANNI

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BOOK DESCRIPTION

The book you are holding is a starting point for those who want to gain command of the Greek language, understand the Greek soul and be initiated into the Greek culture. It is a groundbreaking travel guide to Greece and at the same time it is a communication and pronunciation guide, an understanding-the-Greek-culture guide and a guide that offers practical tips for every chaday life in Greece.

It is a **communication guide** because it includes useful words and phrases as well as extra Greek vocabulary that can be used by foreign language speaking visitors in Greece to cover basic communication needs such as speaking and understanding Greek. This will help them deal with everyday language challenges successfully and with confidence while in Greece.

It is a **pronunciation guide** as all words are presented in both their written form and pronunciation. International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA)*symbols are used so that words are pronounced as accurately as possible. This will help speakers be precise and avoid misunderstandings due to errors in pronunciation. Any other transcription of phonetic symbols is arbitrary.

It is a **guide in the Greek culture** because it provides information about the customs and traditions, the mentality and everyday life routines of modern Greeks helping visitors to get accustomed to, understand and decode the Greek way of life and behavour.

Finally, it is a **practical guide** as it offers a wide array of additional useful tips about everyday life that complete what one needs to know before and during their visit to Greece, in order to experience a pleasant stay.

Learners can also find extra practice exercises for every Unit in order to test themselves and see what they have learned.

* The IPA is a system of phonetic notation. It was devised by the International Phonetic Association as a standardized system of speech sounds and is based mainly on Latin and partially Greek script. The IPA symbols can be used to present the pronunciation of each word in any language. In this book the IPA symbols are used to explain the pronunciation of Greek words with accuracy. The IPA symbols that you will learn in Units 1, 2 and 3 of the book are a one-to-one correspondence between the symbols and the sounds found in the Greek language.

THEMATIC UNITS

Hotel	
Bank	
Supermarket	
Bakery	
Greengrocer	
Butcher	
Fishmonger	
Greek kiosk	
Shopping	
Hairdresser	
Human face, human body	
Hospital	

Pharmacy

BOOK STRUCTURE

There are 16 units in the book with helpful vocabulary and tips that cover 13 different situation in which you may find yourself during your stay in Greece. In the **first part** you can find useful words and phrases, information about the Greek culture and practical tips that follow the theme of each unit. The **second part** offers extra vocabulary while in the **third part** you can find practice exercises to check your knowledge.

UNIT STRUCTURE

Each unit is independent; it is not connected with the previous or the following unit and can be studied separately. At the beginning of each unit (orange board) you can find a **summary** of the unit which is then followed by a **detailed presentation** (vocabulary, phrases, sentances). At the end of the unit (purple board) you can find comprehensive **examples.**Rich cultural **information** and useful **tips**along with relevant icons complete the theme of each unit.

HOW TO READ THE BOOK

The bold blue IPA symbols in brackets represent the pronunciation of the Greek words, modified to suit the needs of the book.

```
e.g. [protoxroñá]
```

The bold red italics are used for the English words, phrases and sentences that are translated into Greek and the Greek pronunciation is given.

```
e.g. New Year's Day [protoxroñá]
```

The black fonds are used for the translated words, phrases and sentences into Greek.

```
e.g. New Year's [protoxroñá] Πρωτοχρονιά
```

Notes

- For borrowed words, the pronunciation closest to the original was selected.
 e.g. For the word champagne the transcription is [sampáña]
- The paretheses in italic black fond inside the brackets include:
 - The number symbol of the preceding number word.

 e.g. eight pork skewers: [oxtó (8) suvlák a x iriná]
 - o Monetary value.

```
e.g. €6 please: [éksi evró (€6) parakaló]
```

Accent mark

The accent mark is placed over the stressed vowel. One-syllable words which do not carry an accent mark according to Greek grammar rules, are transcribed with an accent mark when the vowel is stressed in pronunciation.

```
e.g. και [ κ̃ é ] and
```

Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Meaning	Abbreviation	Meaning
sing.	singular	pl. form	plural form
pl.	plural	tel.	telephone
sing. form	singular form	km	kilometers

WHO IS THE BOOK FOR

This book is for those who love Greece and want to become acquainted with the country itself, as well as its language, history and culture. For those who want to live the experience of travelling around Greece and enjoy a cultural "adventure". For those who want to be able to have satisfactory day-to-day communication during their stay in Greece. For those who want to communicate more effectively with their Greek friends, relatives or business associates.

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ICONS USED IN THE BOOK

	Extra vocabulary
info	Useful information
	Top highlights
TIPI	Useful tips
(@ 9	Contact information
	Word origin, word etymology, meaning
TRY THIS!	Culinary advice
custom	Traditions and customs
$\widehat{\overline{\mathbb{m}}}$	Museums
	Grammar and pronunciation rules
- j	Greek originality
	See glossary
9 5 9	Distances (in km)
OPEN	Opening hours
	Unit change
\triangle	Cultural don'ts

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Irene Karageorgou is considered an expert in teaching Greek as a foreign language. Her educational courses "Greek for Begginers. The Complete Method. Level 1 Part 1,2,3" are bestsellers and have been bought by thousands of learners. She has been teaching Greek to foereign and native speakers for more than 15 years. She is married and she has a son.

Greek pronunciation guide Part 1 (vowels, diphthongs, combinations)

Vowels: A α, E ε, H η, I ι, Y υ, O ο, Ω ω **Vowel digraphs:** OY ου, AI αι, EI ει, OI οι, YI υι

Diphthongs: AÏ αϊ, AH αη, OH οη, ΌΙ όι

Combinations: AY $\alpha \upsilon$, EY $\epsilon \upsilon$

Vowels: A α , E ϵ , H η , I ι , Y υ , O o, Ω ω

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
Α	α	[a]	<u>a</u> lmond	\Rightarrow	α λ ά τι	[<u>a</u> l <u>á</u> ti]	salt
Е	3	[e]*	t <u>e</u> n	\Rightarrow	τ έ σσ ε ρα	[t <u>é</u> s <u>e</u> ra]	four
Н	η	[i]*	h <u>i</u> t	\Rightarrow	μ ή λο	[m <u>í</u> lo]	apple
1	ι	1.[i]*	h <u>i</u> t	\Rightarrow	 ιδέα 	[<u>i</u> ðéa]	idea
		2. [j]	<u>v</u> es	\Rightarrow	2. καρδ ι ά	[karðjá]	heart
		3. [x̃]	<u>h</u> umor	\Rightarrow	3. μάτ ι α	[mát <u>x̃</u> a]	eyes
		4. [ñ]	<u>n</u> ew	\Rightarrow	4. μ ι α**	[m <u>ñ</u> á]	one
Υ	υ	[i]*	h <u>i</u> t	\Rightarrow	κ ύ μα	[k̃ <u>í</u> ma]	wave
0	0	[o]*	<u>o</u> n	\Rightarrow	ό ν ο μα	[<u>ó</u> n <u>o</u> ma]	name
Ω	ω	[o]*	<u>o</u> n	\Rightarrow	ώ ρα	[<u>ó</u> ra]	time



**The cardinal number one (1) has three genders in Greek. In this case the word « $oldsymbol{\mu}$ is the female gender.

Vowel digraphs (two vowels pronounced as one): ΟΥ ου, ΑΙ αι, ΕΙ ει, ΟΙ οι, ΥΙ υι

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
OY	ου	[u]	p <u>u</u> t	\Rightarrow	κ ού πα	[k <u>ú</u> pa]	cup
Al	αι	[e]*	t <u>e</u> n	\Rightarrow	και	[κ <u>̃é</u>]	and
EI	ει	[i]*	h <u>i</u> t	\Rightarrow	εί κοσι	[<u>í</u> kosi]	twenty
OI	Οι	[i]*	h <u>i</u> t	\Rightarrow	οι κονομία	[<u>i</u> konomía]	economy
ΥI	υι	[i]*	h <u>i</u> t	\Rightarrow	υιός	[<u>i</u> ós]	son



*[e] is represented by two Greek graphemes: ε , α ι

*[i] is represented by six Greek graphemes: η, ι, υ, ει, οι, υι

Diphthongs (two vowels pronounced as one syllable): AÏ αϊ, AH αη, OH οη, OI όι

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
ΑÏ	αϊ	[ai]	<u>i</u> ce	\Rightarrow	γ άι δαρος	[γ <u>ái</u> ðaros]	donkey
AH	αη	[ai]	<u>i</u> ce	\Rightarrow	αη δόνι	[<u>ai</u> ðóni]	nightingale
ОН	οη	[oi]	<u>oi</u> l	\Rightarrow	β όη θα	[v <u>ói</u> θa]	help
ΌΙ	όι	[oi]	<u>oi</u> l	\Rightarrow	ρ όι δι	[r <u>ói</u> ði]	pomegranate

Combinations: AY αυ, EY ευ (are pronounced in two different ways)

Upper	Lower	Phonetic	Pronunciation		Greek word	Phonetic	Translation
case	case	symbol (IPA)			example	spelling	
AY	αυ	1. [av]	<u>av</u> ant-garde	\Rightarrow	αύ ριο	[<u>áv</u> rio]	tomorrow
		2. [af]	<u>af</u> ter	\Rightarrow	αυ τή	[<u>af</u> tí]	she
EY	ευ	1. [ev]	<u>ev</u> er	\Rightarrow	Ευ ρώπη	[<u>ev</u> rópi]	Europe
		2. [ef]	<u>eff</u> ect	\Rightarrow	ευ χαριστώ	[<u>ef</u> xaristó]	thanks



In the next unit you will learn the GREEK CONSONANTS and HOW TO ACCENT GREEK WORDS.

Greek pronunciation guide Part 2 (Consonants, How to accent Greek words)

Consonants: B β , $\Gamma \gamma$, $\Delta \delta$, $Z \zeta$, $\Theta \theta$, K κ , $\Lambda \lambda$, M μ , N ν , $\Xi \xi$, $\Pi \pi$, P ρ , $\Sigma \sigma \zeta$, $T \tau$, $\Phi \varphi$, X χ , $\Psi \psi$ How to accent Greek words

Consonants: B β , Γ γ , Δ δ , Z ζ , Θ θ , K κ , Λ λ , M μ , N v, Ξ ξ , Π π , P ρ , Σ σ ς , T τ , Φ ϕ , X χ , Ψ ψ

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
В	β	[v]	<u>v</u> ase	\Rightarrow	β άζο	[<u>v</u> ázo]	vase
Γ	γ	1. [γ]	ami<u>g</u>a (Spanish)	\Rightarrow	γάλα	[<u>v</u> ála]	milk
		2. [j]	<u>y</u> es	\Rightarrow	γ έρος	[jéros]	old man
Δ	δ	[ð]	<u>th</u> is	\Rightarrow	δ ίνω	[<u>ð</u> íno]	give
Z	ζ	[z]	zone	\Rightarrow	ζ ώνη	[<u>z</u> óni]	belt
Θ	θ	[θ]	<u>th</u> eater	\Rightarrow	θ έατρο	[<u>θ</u> éatro]	theater
K	K	1. [k]	<u>c</u> ar	\Rightarrow	καλός	[<u>k</u> alós]	good
		2. [k̃]	<u>c</u> ute	\Rightarrow	και	[<u>ĸ̃</u> é]	and
Λ	λ	1. [I]	logic	\Rightarrow	λ ογική	[<u>l</u> ojiǩí]	logic
		2. [Ĩ]	ta <u>gli</u> atelle	\Rightarrow	ε λ ιά	[e <u>l</u> ̃á]	olive
M	μ	[m]	<u>m</u> um	\Rightarrow	μαμά	[<u>m</u> a <u>m</u> á]	mum
N	ν	1. [n]	<u>n</u> ext	\Rightarrow	ναι	[<u>n</u> é]	yes
		2. [ñ]	<u>n</u> ew	\Rightarrow	πα ν ιά	[pa <u>ñ</u> á]	sails
		3. [ŋ]	a <u>n</u> ger	\Rightarrow	ά γ χος	[á <u>ŋ</u> xos]	anxiety
Ξ	ξ	[ks]	Te <u>x</u> as	\Rightarrow	έ ξ ι	[é <u>ks</u> i]	six
П	π	[p]	<u>p</u> an	\Rightarrow	πόδι	[<u>p</u> óði]	foot
Р	ρ	[r]	<u>r</u> ed	\Rightarrow	Ρ ώμη	[<u>r</u> ómi]	Rome
Σ*	σ	1. [s]	<u>s</u> un	\Rightarrow	σ ήμερα	[<u>s</u> ímera]	today
	ς	2. [s]	<u>s</u> un	\Rightarrow	καλό ς	[kaló <u>s</u>]	good
		3. [z]	bi <u>s</u> muth	\Rightarrow	κό σ μος	[kó <u>z</u> mos]	world
Т	τ	[t]	<u>t</u> ea	\Rightarrow	τ ιμή	[<u>t</u> imí]	price
Φ	ф	[f]	<u>f</u> ast	\Rightarrow	φ ως	[<u>f</u> ós]	light
Χ	χ	1. [x]	loch (Scottish)	\Rightarrow	χ ορός	[<u>x</u> orós]	dance
		2. [x̃]	<u>h</u> uge	\Rightarrow	ό χ ι	[ó <u>x̃</u> i]	no
Ψ	ψ	[ps]	li <u>ps</u>	\Rightarrow	ψ ωμί	[psomí]	bread



*The letter (Σ, σ) has three different forms compared to the rest of the letters of the Greek alphabet which have two. These forms are:

«Σ» (upper case)



2. «**o**» (lower case – inside a word)

The Greek letter (B, β) is pronounced [v] NOT [b]The Greek letter (P, ρ) is pronounced [r] NOT [p]The Greek letter (X, χ) is pronounced [x], [x] NOT [ks]

How to accent Greek words

When you see a letter carrying this mark ('), you should pronounce this letter louder. This mark is called **[tónos]** in Greek and "accent mark" in English. Stressing Greek words is very important. If you stress a word in a wrong way its meaning will change.

For example, the Greek word «πότε» [póte]:

- ✓ If you stress the letter [o] «πότε» [póte] it means "when" BUT
- ✓ If you stress the letter [e] «ποτέ» [poté] it means "never".



In the next unit you will learn the CONSONANT DIGRAPHS and the DOUBLE CONSONANTS.

Greek pronunciation guide Part 3 (Consonant Digraphs, double Consonants)

Consonant digraphs: M Π $\mu\pi$, NT $\nu\tau$, Γ K γ K, Γ F $\gamma\gamma$, Γ X $\gamma\chi$, TZ $\tau\zeta$, TS $\tau\sigma$

Double consonants: BB ββ, KK κκ, ΛΛ $\lambda\lambda$, MM $\mu\mu$, NN $\nu\nu$, ΠΠ $\pi\pi$, PP $\rho\rho$, ΣΣ $\sigma\sigma$, TT $\tau\tau$

Consonant digraphs (two consonants pronounced as one): M Π µ π , NT v τ , Γ K γ κ , Γ Γ γ γ , Γ X γ χ , TZ τ ζ, TZ τ σ

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
МП	μπ	1. [b] 2. [mb] 3. [mp]	<u>b</u> ox me <u>mb</u> er i <u>mp</u> erium	$\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow$	μπάλα κολυμπώ σαμπάνια	[<u>b</u> ála] [koli <u>mb</u> ó] [sa <u>mp</u> áña]	ball swim champagne
NT	ντ	1. [d] 2. [nd] 3. [nt]	<u>d</u> ay e <u>nd</u> re <u>nt</u>	$\begin{array}{c} \Rightarrow \\ \Rightarrow \\ \Rightarrow \end{array}$	ντ ομάτα πέ ντ ε μέ ντ α	[<u>d</u> omáta] [pé <u>nd</u> e] [mé <u>nt</u> a]	tomato five mint
ГК	үк	1. [g] 2. [g̃] 3. [ng̃]	go get anger	$\begin{array}{c} \Rightarrow \\ \Rightarrow \\ \Rightarrow \\ \Rightarrow \end{array}$	γκ ολφ γκ έμι έ γκ υος	[gólf] [g̃émi] [é <u>ng̃</u> ios]	golf bridle pregnant
ГГ	γγ	1. [ŋg] 2. [ŋγ] 3. [ŋj]	E <u>ng</u> lish unused	$\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow$	Α γγ λία συ γγ ραφέας ε γγ ενής	[a <u>ng</u> lía] [si <u>ny</u> raféas] [enjenís]	England author inherent
ГХ	γχ	1. [ŋx] 2. [nx̃]	u <u>nh</u> oped u <u>nh</u> ealthy	$\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow$	ά γχ ος ε γχ είριση	[á <u>nx</u> os] [e <u>nx</u> írisi]	anxiety operation
TZ	τζ	[dz]	<u>i</u> eep	\Rightarrow	τζάκι	[<u>dz</u> áǩi]	fireplace
ΤΣ	τσ	[ts]	pi <u>zz</u> a	\Rightarrow	τσ άι	[<u>ts</u> ái]	tea

Double consonants (one consonant used written twice and pronounced as one with the exception of **«γγ»**): BB ββ, KK κκ, ΛΛ $\lambda\lambda$, MM $\mu\mu$, NN $\nu\nu$, ΠΠ $\pi\pi$, PP $\rho\rho$, $\Sigma\Sigma$ $\sigma\sigma$, TT $\tau\tau$

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
ВВ	ββ	[v]	<u>v</u> ase	\Rightarrow	Σά ββ ατο	[sá <u>v</u> ato]	Saturday
KK	KK	[k], [k̃]	<u>c</u> ar	\Rightarrow	κό κκ ινο	[kó <u>k̃</u> ino]	red
$\wedge \wedge$	λλ	[1]	<u>l</u> ogic	\Rightarrow	Ε λλ άδα	[e <u>l</u> áδa]	Greece
MM	μμ	[m]	<u>т</u> ар	\Rightarrow	άμμος	[á <u>m</u> os]	sand
NN	VV	[n]	<u>n</u> ext	\Rightarrow	Ά νν α	[á <u>n</u> a]	Ann
ПП	ππ	[p]	<u>p</u> an	\Rightarrow	πα ππ ούς	[pa <u>p</u> ús]	grandfather
PP	ρρ	[r]	<u>r</u> ed	\Rightarrow	ά ρρ ωστος	[á <u>r</u> ostos]	sick
ΣΣ	σσ	[s]	<u>s</u> un	\Rightarrow	τέ σσ ερα	[té <u>s</u> era]	four
TT	ττ	[t]	<u>t</u> ea	\Rightarrow	περι ττ ός	[peri <u>t</u> ós]	unnecessary



When you study and understand the correspondence of IPA spelling to the pronunciation of Greek letters fully, you will be able to study this book, learn to pronounce Greek words correctly and speak Greek fluently.



You can find the letters of the Greek alphabet and their names in the Glossary, page 48.



In the next unit you will learn useful words and phrases that you will need WHEN YOU LOOK FOR ACCOMMODATION.

Words: hotel(s), overnight, reservation(s), to book, deposit, room(s), single room, double room, triple room, suite(s), room number, room service, room key, keycard.

If you want to ask or say:

- Do you have any single/double rooms available?
- I would like to book a...room.
- What is the cost of a single/double room per night?
- Is breakfast included in the price?
- Do you have a parking garage?
- Do you have wheelchair access?
- I have made a reservation, under the name... .
- What time will the room be available?
- What time is breakfast served?

- Where is breakfast served?
- What time's the restaurant open for dinner?
- When do you offer room service?
- Where is the pool/the elevator/the gym?
- Can I extend my stay for another day?
- Could you call a taxi for me, please?
- What time do I have to check out?
- I'd like to pay for the room and check out.
- Can I leave my baggage here until...?

If you want to say:

hotel(s)	[ksenoðoxío] (sing.), [ksenoðoxía] (pl.)	ξενοδοχείο, ξενοδοχεία
overnight	[ðianiktérefsi]	διανυκτέρευση
reservation(s)	[krátisi] (sing.), [kratísis] (pl.)	κράτηση, κρατήσεις
to book	[káno krátisi]	κάνω κράτηση
deposit	[prokatavolí]	προκαταβολή
room(s)	[ðomátio] (sing.), [ðomátia] (pl.)	δωμάτιο, δωμάτια
single room	[monóklino ðomátio]	μονόκλινο δωμάτιο
double room	[ðíklino ðomátio]	δίκλινο δωμάτιο
triple room	[tríklino ðomátio]	τρίκλινο δωμάτιο
suite(s)	[suíta] (sing.), [suítes] (pl.)	σουίτα, σουίτες
room number	[ariθmós ðomatíu]	αριθμός δωματίου
room service	[ipiresía ðomatíu]	υπηρεσία δωματίου
room key	[kliðí ðomatíu]	κλειδί δωματίου
keycard	[kárta kliðí]	κάρτα κλειδί

If you want to ask "Do you have any single/double rooms available?" you say:

[éxete ðiaθésima monóklina/ðíklina ðomátia?]

Έχετε διαθέσιμα μονόκλινα/δίκλινα δωμάτια;

If you want to say "I would like to book a...room.", you say:

[θa íθela ná káno krátisi se éna…ðomátio]

Θα ήθελα να κάνω κράτηση σε ένα...δωμάτιο.

N. C.	with breakfast	[me proinó]
	with half board	[me imiðiatrofí]
	with full board	[me plíri ðiatrofí]
	with a double bed	[me ðipló kreváti]
	with two single beds	[me ðío moná krevátxa]
	with cot	[me kúña]
	with a balcony	[me balkóni]
	with a sea view	[me θéa sti θálasa]

T	for today	[ja símera]
77	for tomorrow	[ja ávrio]
	for a night	[ja mía níxta]
	fornights	[janíxtes]
	from	[apó]
	to	[éos]

If you want to ask "What is the cost of a single/double room per night?" you say:

[póso kostízi to monóklino/ðíklino ðomátio aná níxta?]

Πόσο κοστίζει το μονόκλινο/δίκλινο δωμάτιο ανά νύχτα;

info If you are looking for a hotel or campsite in Greece, regardless of class and operation (hotels, motels, furnished apartments, camping sites, etc.) you can visit the **Hellenic Chamber Hotels** webpage www.grhotels.gr.

If you want to ask "Is breakfast included in the price?" you say:

[perilamvánete to proinó sti(n) dimí?]

Περιλαμβάνεται το πρωινό στην τιμή;

info You can find information concerning the **Greek breakfast program** and the Greek hotels where you can taste the local Greek gastronomy at: www.greekbreakfast.gr.

info The key ingredients of the Mediterranean diet such as bread, olive oil, olives, yoghurt, honey, cheese

If you want to ask "Do you have a parking garage?" you say:

[ðiaθétete xóro stáθmefsis?]

Διαθέτετε χώρο στάθμευσης;

If you want to ask "Do you have wheelchair access?" you say:

[ipárxi prózvasi ja anapirikó karotsáki?]

Υπάρχει πρόσβαση για αναπηρικό καροτσάκι;

If you want to say "I have made a reservation, under the name....", you say:

[éxo káni mía krátisi sto ónoma...]

Έχω κάνει μία κράτηση, στο όνομα....

If you want to ask "What time will the room be available?" you say:

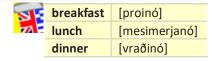
[tí óra θa íne ðiaθésimo to ðomátio?]

Τι ώρα θα είναι διαθέσιμο το δωμάτιο;

If you want to ask "What time is breakfast served?" you say:

[tí óra servírete to proinó?]

Τι ώρα σερβίρεται το πρωινό;



products, cured meats, pies, sweets and fresh fruit are the foundation of Greek breakfast.

If you want to ask "Where is breakfast served?" you say:

[pú servírete to proinó?]

Πού σερβίρεται το πρωινό;

If you want to ask "What time does the restaurant open for dinner?" you say:

[tí óra aníji to estiatório ja to ðípno?]

Τί ώρα ανοίγει το εστιατόριο για το δείπνο;

If you want to ask "What are the room service hours?" you say:

[pxés ine i óres ja tin ipiresia ðomatíu?]

Ποιες είναι οι ώρες για την υπηρεσία δωματίου;

If you want to ask:				
Where is	[pú íne]	Πού είναι		
the pool?	[i pisína?]	η πισίνα;		
the elevator?	[to asansér?]	το ασανσέρ;		
the gym?	[to jimnastírio?]	το γυμναστήριο;		

If you want to ask "Can I extend my stay for another day?" you say:

[boró ná paratíno ti ðiamoní mu ja mía méra akómi?]

Μπορώ να παρατείνω τη διαμονή μου για μία μέρα ακόμη;

If you want to ask "Could you call a taxi for me, please?" you say:

[boríte ná kalésete éna taksí ja eména parakaló?]

Μπορείτε να καλέσετε ένα ταξί για εμένα, παρακαλώ;

If you want to ask "What time do I have to check out?" you say:

[tí óra prépi ná paraðóso to ðomátio?]

Τι ώρα πρέπει να παραδώσω το δωμάτιο;

If you want to say "I'd like to pay for the room and check out.", you say:

[θa íθela ná pliróso to loγarjazmó κ̃e na afíso to ðomátio]

Θα ήθελα να πληρώσω το λογαριασμό και να αφήσω το δωμάτιο.

If you want to ask "Can I leave my baggage here until...?" you say:

[boró ná afíso tis aposkevés mu eðó méxri...?]

Μπορώ να αφήσω τις αποσκευές μου εδώ μέχρι...;

EXAMPLES

I'd like to book a triple room for next Friday, April 7 th .	[θa íθela ná klíso éna tríklino ỡomátio ja tin epómeni paraskeví eptá (7) aprilíu]	
How much do you charge per night?	[póso kostízi i ðianiktérefsi?]	
The price is €120 per night.	[i timí íne ekatón íkosi (120) evró ti vraðjá]	
Is breakfast included in the price?	[perilamvánete to proinó sti(n) dimí?]	
Is there a shuttle bus service to/from the airport?	[ipárxi ipiresía metaforás me leoforío apó ke prós to aeroðrómio?]	
Are pets allowed in the room?	[epitréponde ta zóa sto ðomátio?]	
Ok, I'll book it.	[ok θa to klíso]	
How much is the deposit for the room?	[pósi íne i prokatavolí ja to ðomátio?]	
Do you have handicapped accessible rooms?	[éxete ðomátia ja átoma me iðikés anánges?]	
What time are lunch and dinner served?	[póte servírete to mesimerjanó ke to vraðinó?]	
Could you please clean my room?	[boríte ná kaθarísete to ðomátió mu?]	
Could you please bring me one more blanket?	[boríte ná mu férete akóma mía kuvérta?]	
What is the Wi-Fi access code?	[px̃ós íne o koðikós ja to Wi-Fi?]	
Could you order a taxi for me for tomorrow morning?	[boríte ná kalésete éna taksí ja eména ja ávrio to proí?]	
Can I request a wake-up call?	[boró ná éxo mía klísi afípnisis?]	



You can find more words and phrases on **At the hotel**, in the Glossary, on page 49 through 51. **In the next unit you will learn words and phrases that you will need WHEN YOU ARE AT THE BANK**.