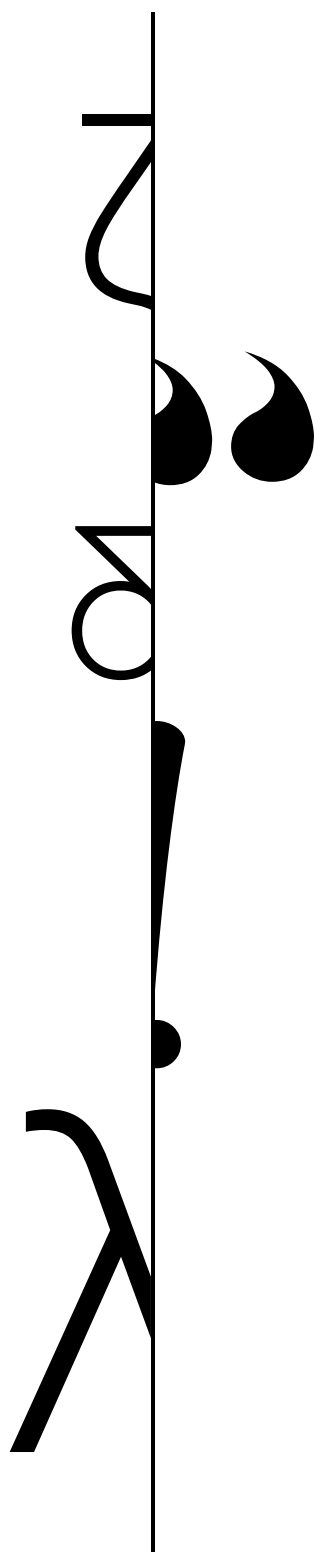


Introducing Yourself:

Master the Art of Personal Connections in Greek

Irene J. Karageorgou

Everything You Need to Discover the Heart and Soul of Greece through Language Learning!



**TO ALL FOREIGN VISITORS WHO
REALLY WANT TO GET TO KNOW**

**MY COUNTRY,
GREECE.**



IRENE J. KARAGEORGOY

AROUND THE CITY

TRANSLATION: **NADINA REGGINIOTI**

TEXT EDITING: **IOANNA CHALEPLI**

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BOOK DESCRIPTION

The book you are holding is a starting point for those who want to gain command of the Greek language, understand the Greek soul and be initiated into the Greek culture. It is a groundbreaking travel guide to Greece and at the same time it is a communication and pronunciation guide, an understanding-the-Greek-culture guide and a guide that offers practical tips for every chaday life in Greece.

It is a **communication guide** because it includes useful words and phrases as well as extra Greek vocabulary that can be used by foreign language speaking visitors in Greece to cover basic communication needs such as speaking and understanding Greek. This will help them deal with everyday language challenges successfully and with confidence while in Greece.

It is a **pronunciation guide** as all words are presented in both their written form and pronunciation. International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA)*symbols are used so that words are pronounced as accurately as possible. This will help speakers be precise and avoid misunderstandings due to errors in pronunciation. Anyothertranscriptionofphoneticsymbolsisarbitrary.

It is a **guide in the Greek culture** because it provides information about the customs and traditions, the mentality and everyday life routines of modern Greeks helping visitors to get accustomed to, understand and decode the Greek way of life and behaviour.

Finally, it is a **practical guide** as it offers a wide array of additional useful tips about everyday life that complete what one needs to know before and during their visit to Greece, in order to experience a pleasant stay.

Learners can also find extra practice exercises for every Unit in order to test themselves and see what they have learned.

** The IPA is a system of phonetic notation. It was devised by the International Phonetic Association as a standardized system of speech sounds and is based mainly on Latin and partially Greek script. The IPA symbols can be used to present the pronunciation of each word in any language. In this book the IPA symbols are used to explain the pronunciation of Greek words with accuracy. The IPA symbols that you will learn in Units 1, 2 and 3 of the book are a one-to-one correspondence between the symbols and the sounds found in the Greek language.*

THEMATIC UNITS

Personal details
Contact information
Where are you from?
Countries & nationalities of Asia
Countries & nationalities of America
Countries & nationalities of Africa
Countries & nationalities of Europe
Countries & nationalities of Oceania
Cities & islands in Greece
Jobs & occupations
Hobbies & pastimes

BOOK STRUCTURE

There are 13 units in the book with helpful vocabulary and tips that cover 10 different situations in which you may find yourself during your stay in Greece. In the **first part** you can find useful words and phrases, information about the Greek culture and practical tips that follow the theme of each unit. The **second part** offers extra vocabulary while in the **third part** you can find practice exercises to check your knowledge.

UNIT STRUCTURE

Each unit is independent; it is not connected with the previous or the following unit and can be studied separately. At the beginning of each unit (orange board) you can find a **summary** of the unit which is then followed by a **detailed presentation** (vocabulary, phrases, sentences). At the end of the unit (purple board) you can find comprehensive **examples**. Rich cultural **information** and useful **tips** along with relevant icons complete the theme of each unit.

HOW TO READ THE BOOK

The bold blue IPA symbols in brackets represent the pronunciation of the Greek words, modified to suit the needs of the book.

e.g. **[kaliméra]**

The bold red italics are used for the English words, phrases and sentences that are translated into Greek and the Greek pronunciation is given.

e.g. ***Good morning.*** **[kaliméra]**

The black fonts are used for the translated words, phrases and sentences into Greek.

e.g. ***Goodmorning.*** **[kaliméra]** Καλημέρα.

Notes

- For borrowed words, the pronunciation closest to the original was selected.
e.g. For the word **champagne** the transcription is **[sɑmpáña]**
- For English words used with the original pronunciation, the spelling used in brackets is also in English.
e.g. ***What is your e-mail address?*** **[pɔ́ ó ine to e-mail su?]**
- The parentheses in italic black font inside the brackets include:
 - The number symbol of the preceding number word.
e.g. ***every 5 minutes:*** **[káθe pénde (5) leptá]**
 - Symbols with different pronunciation from the written word.
e.g. ***"I don't know."*** is written «Δεν ξέρω.» in Greek but pronounced: **[ðé(n)gzéro]**

Accent mark

The accent mark is placed over the stressed vowel. One-syllable words which do not carry an accent mark according to Greek grammar rules, are transcribed with an accent mark when the vowel is stressed in pronunciation.

e.g. **Τι είπες;** **[tí ípes]**











Abbreviations

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Meaning</i>	<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Meaning</i>
<i>sing.</i>	singular	<i>informal, sing.</i>	informal, singular
<i>pl.</i>	plural	<i>n.</i>	neutral
<i>sing. form</i>	singular form	<i>m.</i>	male
<i>pl. form</i>	plural form	<i>f.</i>	female

WHO IS THE BOOK FOR

This book is for those who love Greece and want to become acquainted with the country itself, as well as its language, history and culture. For those who want to live the experience of travelling around Greece and enjoy a cultural “adventure”. For those who want to be able to have satisfactory day-to-day communication during their stay in Greece. For those who want to communicate more effectively with their Greek friends, relatives or business associates.

ICONS USED IN THE BOOK

	extra vocabulary
	useful information
	useful tips
	word origin, word etymology, meaning
	traditions and customs
	idioms
	grammar and pronunciation rules
	see glossary
	emergency phone numbers
	unit change

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Irene Karageorgou is considered an expert in teaching Greek as a foreign language. Her educational courses “**Greek for Beginners. The Complete Method. Level 1 Part 1,2,3**” are bestsellers and have been bought by thousands of learners. She has been teaching Greek to foreign and native speakers for more than 15 years. She is married and she has a son.

Greek pronunciation guide Part 1 (vowels, diphthongs, combinations)

Vowels: Α α, Ε ε, Η η, Ι ι, Υ υ, Ο ο, Ω ω

Diphthongs: Αϊ αϊ, Αη αη, Οη οη, Όι όι

Vowel digraphs: ΟΥ ου, Αι αι, Ει ει, Οι οι, Υι υι

Combinations: ΑΥ αυ, ΕΥ ευ

Vowels: Α α, Ε ε, Η η, Ι ι, Υ υ, Ο ο, Ω ω

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
A	α	[a]	<u>al</u> mond	⇒	αλάτι	[a]láti	salt
E	ε	[e]*	<u>te</u> n	⇒	τέσσερα	[té]sera	four
H	η	[i]*	<u>hi</u> t	⇒	μήλο	[mí]lo	apple
I	ι	1. [i]*	<u>hi</u> t	⇒	1. ιδέα	[i]déa	idea
			<u>ye</u> s	⇒	2. καρδιά	[karð]já	heart
			<u>hu</u> mor	⇒	3. μάτια	[mát]xa	eyes
			<u>ne</u> w	⇒	4. μια**	[mñ]á	one
Y	υ	[i]*	<u>hi</u> t	⇒	κύμα	[kí]ma	wave
O	ο	[o]*	<u>on</u>	⇒	όνομα	[ón]oma	name
Ω	ω	[o]*	<u>on</u>	⇒	ώρα	[óra]	time



**The cardinal number one (1) has three genders in Greek. In this case the word «μία» is the female gender.

Vowel digraphs (two vowels pronounced as one): ΟΥ ου, Αι αι, Ει ει, Οι οι, Υι υι

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
OY	ου	[u]	<u>pu</u> t	⇒	κούπα	[kú]pa	cup
AI	αι	[e]*	<u>te</u> n	⇒	και	[ké]	and
EI	ει	[i]*	<u>hi</u> t	⇒	είκοσι	[í]kosi	twenty
OI	οι	[i]*	<u>hi</u> t	⇒	οικονομία	[i]konomía	economy
YI	υι	[i]*	<u>hi</u> t	⇒	υιός	[iós]	son



- ✓ ***[e]** is represented by two Greek graphemes: ε, αι
- ✓ ***[i]** is represented by six Greek graphemes: η, ι, υ, ει, οι, υι
- ✓ ***[o]** is represented by two Greek graphemes: ο, ω

Diphthongs (two vowels pronounced as one syllable): Αϊ αϊ, Αη αη, Οη οη, Όι όι

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
Aϊ	αϊ	[ai]	<u>ice</u>	⇒	γάιδαρος	[gá]ðaros	donkey
Aη	αη	[ai]	<u>ice</u>	⇒	αηδόνι	[aiðóni]	nightingale
Oη	οη	[oi]	<u>oil</u>	⇒	βόηθα	[vói]θα	help
Όι	όι	[oi]	<u>oil</u>	⇒	ρόιδι	[rói]ði	pomegranate

Combinations: ΑΥ αυ, ΕΥ ευ (are pronounced in two different ways)

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
AY	αυ	1. [av]	<u>av</u> nt-garde	⇒	αύριο	[áv]rio	tomorrow
			<u>af</u> ter	⇒	αυτή	[aftí]	she
EY	ευ	1. [ev]	<u>ev</u> r	⇒	Ευρώπη	[evró]pi	Europe
			<u>ef</u> fect	⇒	ευχαριστώ	[efxaristó]	thanks



In the next unit you will learn the **GREEK CONSONANTS** and **HOW TO ACCENT GREEK WORDS**.

Greek pronunciation guide Part 2 (Consonants, How to accent Greek words)

Consonants: Β β, Γ γ, Δ δ, Ζ ζ, Θ θ, Κ κ, Λ λ, Μ μ, Ν ν, Ξ ξ, Π π, Ρ ρ, Σ σ ς, Τ τ, Φ φ, Χ χ, Ψ ψ
How to accent Greek words

Consonants: Β β, Γ γ, Δ δ, Ζ ζ, Θ θ, Κ κ, Λ λ, Μ μ, Ν ν, Ξ ξ, Π π, Ρ ρ, Σ σ ς, Τ τ, Φ φ, Χ χ, Ψ ψ

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
Β	β	[v]	<u>v</u> ase	⇒	βάζο	[vázɔ]	vase
Γ	γ	1. [ɣ] 2. [j]	<u>a</u> miga (Spanish) <u>y</u> es	⇒	γάλα γέρος	[gála] [jéros]	milk old man
Δ	δ	[ð]	<u>t</u> his	⇒	δίνω	[ðíno]	give
Ζ	ζ	[z]	<u>z</u> one	⇒	ζώνη	[zóni]	belt
Θ	θ	[θ]	<u>t</u> heater	⇒	θέατρο	[théatro]	theater
Κ	κ	1. [k] 2. [ḳ]	<u>c</u> ar <u>c</u> ute	⇒	καλός και	[kalós] [ké]	good and
Λ	λ	1. [l] 2. [ḷ]	<u>l</u> ogic <u>t</u> agliatelle	⇒	λογική ελιά	[lojíkí] [elía]	logic olive
Μ	μ	[m]	<u>m</u> um	⇒	μαμά	[mamá]	mum
Ν	ν	1. [n] 2. [ɲ] 3. [ŋ]	<u>n</u> ext <u>n</u> ew <u>a</u> nger	⇒	ναι πανιά άγχος	[né] [pañá] [áŋchos]	yes sails anxiety
Ξ	ξ	[ks]	<u>T</u> exas	⇒	έξι	[éksi]	six
Π	π	[p]	<u>p</u> an	⇒	πόδι	[póði]	foot
Ρ	ρ	[r]	<u>r</u> ed	⇒	Ρώμη	[rómi]	Rome
Σ*	σ ς	1. [s] 2. [s] 3. [z]	<u>s</u> un <u>s</u> un <u>b</u> ismuth	⇒	σήμερα καλός κόσμος	[símera] [kalós] [kózmos]	today good world
Τ	τ	[t]	<u>t</u> ea	⇒	τιμή	[timí]	price
Φ	φ	[f]	<u>f</u> ast	⇒	φως	[fós]	light
Χ	χ	1. [x] 2. [x̣]	<u>l</u> och (Scottish) <u>h</u> uge	⇒	χορός όχι	[xorós] [óxi]	dance no
Ψ	ψ	[ps]	<u>l</u> ips	⇒	ψωμί	[psomí]	bread



*The letter «Σ, σ» has three different forms compared to the rest of the letters of the Greek alphabet which have two. These forms are:

1. «Σ» (upper case)
2. «σ» (lower case – inside a word)
3. «ς» (lower case – at the end of a word)



The Greek letter «Β, β» is pronounced [v] NOT [b]

The Greek letter «Ρ, ρ» is pronounced [r] NOT [p]

The Greek letter «Χ, χ» is pronounced [x], [x̣] NOT [ks]

How to accent Greek words

When you see a letter carrying this mark (´), you should pronounce this letter louder. This mark is called **[tónos]** in Greek and “accent mark” in English. Stressing Greek words is very important. If you stress a word in a wrong way its meaning will change.

For example, the Greek word «πότε» [póte]:

- ✓ If you stress the letter [o] «πότε» [póte] it means “when” **BUT**
- ✓ If you stress the letter [e] «ποτέ» [poté] it means “never”.



In the next unit you will learn the **CONSONANT DIGRAPHS** and the **DOUBLE CONSONANTS**.

Greek pronunciation guide Part 3 (Consonant Digraphs, double Consonants)

Consonant digraphs: ΜΠ μπ, ΝΤ ντ, ΓΚ γκ, ΓΓ γγ, ΓΧ γχ, ΤΖ τζ, ΤΣ τσ

Double consonants: ΒΒ ββ, ΚΚ κκ, ΛΛ λλ, ΜΜ μμ, ΝΝ νν, ΠΠ ππ, ΡΡ ρρ, ΣΣ σσ, ΤΤ ττ

Consonant digraphs (*two consonants pronounced as one*): ΜΠ μπ, ΝΤ ντ, ΓΚ γκ, ΓΓ γγ, ΓΧ γχ, ΤΖ τζ, ΤΣ τσ

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
ΜΠ	μπ	1. [b]	<u>b</u> ox	⇒	μπάλα	[bála]	ball
		2. [mb]	mem <u>b</u> er	⇒	κολυμπώ	[kolimbó]	swim
		3. [mp]	im <u>p</u> erium	⇒	σαμπάνια	[sampáña]	champagne
ΝΤ	ντ	1. [d]	<u>d</u> ay	⇒	ντομάτα	[domáta]	tomato
		2. [nd]	e <u>n</u> d	⇒	πέντε	[pénde]	five
		3. [nt]	re <u>n</u> t	⇒	μέντα	[ménta]	mint
ΓΚ	γκ	1. [g]	<u>g</u> o	⇒	γκολφ	[gólf]	golf
		2. [ǰ]	ge <u>t</u>	⇒	γκέμι	[ǰémi]	bridle
		3. [nǰ]	an <u>g</u> er	⇒	έγκυος	[éǰgios]	pregnant
ΓΓ	γγ	1. [ŋg]	<u>English</u>	⇒	Αγγλία	[anǰlía]	England
		2. [ŋɣ]	<u>unused</u>	⇒	συγγραφέας	[sinǰraféas]	author
		3. [ŋj]	<u>un</u> used	⇒	εγγενής	[enǰenís]	inherent
ΓΧ	γχ	1. [ŋx]	<u>un</u> hoped	⇒	άγχος	[áŋxos]	anxiety
		2. [nǰ]	<u>un</u> healthy	⇒	εγχείριση	[enǰírisi]	operation
ΤΖ	τζ	[dz]	<u>j</u> ee <u>p</u>	⇒	τζάκι	[dzaǰki]	fireplace
ΤΣ	τσ	[ts]	<u>p</u> izz <u>a</u>	⇒	τσάι	[tsái]	tea

Double consonants (*one consonant used written twice and pronounced as one with the exception of «γγ»*): ΒΒ ββ, ΚΚ κκ, ΛΛ λλ, ΜΜ μμ, ΝΝ νν, ΠΠ ππ, ΡΡ ρρ, ΣΣ σσ, ΤΤ ττ

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
ΒΒ	ββ	[v]	<u>v</u> ase	⇒	Σάββατο	[sávato]	Saturday
ΚΚ	κκ	[k], [k̄]	<u>car</u>	⇒	κόκκινο	[kók̄kino]	red
ΛΛ	λλ	[l]	<u>logic</u>	⇒	Ελλάδα	[eláda]	Greece
ΜΜ	μμ	[m]	<u>map</u>	⇒	άμμος	[ámos]	sand
ΝΝ	νν	[n]	<u>next</u>	⇒	Άννα	[ána]	Ann
ΠΠ	ππ	[p]	<u>pan</u>	⇒	παππούς	[papús]	grandfather
ΡΡ	ρρ	[r]	<u>red</u>	⇒	άρρωστος	[árostos]	sick
ΣΣ	σσ	[s]	<u>sun</u>	⇒	τέσσερα	[tésera]	four
ΤΤ	ττ	[t]	<u>tea</u>	⇒	περιττός	[peritós]	unnecessary



When you study and understand the correspondence of IPA spelling to the pronunciation of Greek letters fully, you will be able to study this book, learn to pronounce Greek words correctly and speak Greek fluently.



You can find the letters of the Greek alphabet and their names in the Glossary, page 38.



In the next unit you will learn **HOW TO ASK AND HOW TO GIVE YOUR PERSONAL DETAILS AND CONTACT INFORMATION.**

Personal details and Contact information

Words and phrases: *identity card, ID card number, passport(s), passport number, full name, first name, last name, age(s), male, female, date of birth, phone number, mobile phone number(s), landline number(s), house telephone number, work telephone number, home address, work address, zip code.*

If you want to ask or say:

- Who are you?	- What is your last name?	- What is your phone number?
- I am... .	- My last name is... .	- My phone number is... .
- What is your name?	- I would like you to meet... .	- What is your e-mail address?
- My name is... .	- Pleased to meet you.	- My e-mail address is... .
- What is your first name?	- How old are you?	- What is your address?
- My first name is... .	- I am...years old.	- My address is... .

If you want to say:

identity card	[taftótita]	ταυτότητα
ID card number	[aríthmós taftótítas]	αριθμός ταυτότητας
passport	[ðjavatírío] (sing.)	διαβατήριο
passports	[ðjavatíría] (pl.)	διαβατήρια
passport number	[aríthmós ðjavatiríu]	αριθμός διαβατηρίου
full name	[onomatepónimo]	ονοματεπώνυμο
first name	[mikró ónoma]	μικρό όνομα
last name	[epónimo]	επώνυμο
age, ages	[iliKía] (sing.), [iliKíes] (pl.)	ηλικία, ηλικίες
male	[arsenikó]	αρσενικό
female	[θilikó]	θηλυκό
date of birth	[imerominía jénisis]	ημερομηνία γέννησης
phone number	[aríthmós tiléfonu]	αριθμός τηλεφώνου
mobile phone number	[kínitó tiléfono] (sing.)	κινητό τηλέφωνο
mobile phone numbers	[kínitá tiléfona] (pl.)	κινητά τηλέφωνα
landline number	[staθeró tiléfono] (sing.)	σταθερό τηλέφωνο
landline numbers	[staθerá tiléfona] (pl.)	σταθερά τηλέφωνα
house telephone number	[tiléfono ikías]	τηλέφωνο οικίας
work telephone number	[tiléfono erasías]	τηλέφωνο εργασίας
home address	[ðiéθinsi katiKías]	διεύθυνση κατοικίας
work address	[ðiéθinsi erasías]	διεύθυνση εργασίας
zip code	[taχíðromikós kóðikas]	ταχυδρομικός κώδικας

If you want to ask “Who are you?” you say:

honorific plural	[pǎós íste?] (when referring to a man)	Ποιος είστε;
informal, sing.	[pǎós íse?]	Ποιος είσαι;
honorific plural	[pǎá íste?] (when referring to a woman)	Ποια είστε;
informal, sing.	[pǎá íse?]	Ποια είσαι;

If you want to say “I am...”, you say:

[íme o...] (when a man answers)	Είμαι ο...
[íme i...] (when a woman answers)	Είμαι η...

If you want to ask “What is your name?” you say:

honorific plural	[pós sas léne?]	Πώς σας λένε;
informal, sing.	[pós se léne?]	Πώς σε λένε;

If you want to say “**My name is... .**”, you say:

[**me léne...**]

Με λένε...



Most Greeks are named after a Saint of the Orthodox Church and celebrate this name day [**onomastikí jortí**] every year. They usually take the name of a grandmother or a grandfather. During this day their family and all their friends wish them [**xróña polá**] which means “Many years!”, a wish for good health and prosperity. Another common wish is [**ná xérese to ónomá su**] which means “May you rejoice your name!”.

If you want to ask “**What is your first name?**” you say:

honorific plural

[**pḗó íne to ónomá sas?**]

Ποιο είναι το όνομά σας;

informal, sing.

[**pḗó íne to ónomá su?**]

Ποιο είναι το όνομά σου;

If you want to say “**My first name is... .**”, you say:

[**to ónomá mu íne...**]

Το όνομά μου είναι...

If you want to ask “**What is your last name?**” you say:

honorific plural

[**pḗó íne to epónimó sas?**]

Ποιο είναι το επώνυμό σας;

informal, sing.

[**pḗó íne to epónimó su?**]

Ποιο είναι το επώνυμό σου;

If you want to say “**My last name is... .**”, you say:

[**to epónimó mu íne...**]

Το επώνυμό μου είναι...



Greek women’s surnames are based on the genitive form of their father’s or their husband’s surnames.

If you want to say “**I would like you to meet... .**”, you say:

honorific plural

[**θα ήθελα ná sas sistíso ton...**]

Θα ήθελα να σας συστήσω τον... .

informal, sing.

[**θα ήθελα ná su sistíso ton...**]
(when referring to a man)

Θα ήθελα να σου συστήσω τον... .

honorific plural

[**θα ήθελα ná sas sistíso tin...**]

Θα ήθελα να σας συστήσω την... .

informal, sing.

[**θα ήθελα ná su sistíso tin...**]
(when referring to a woman)

Θα ήθελα να σου συστήσω την... .

If you want to say “**Pleased to meet you.**”, you say:

[**xárika ja ti gñorimía**]

Χάρηκα για τη γνωριμία.



The answer could be:

“me too” [**κί εγώ to ídjo**].

If you want to ask “**How old are you?**” you say:

honorific plural

[**póso xronón íste?**]

Πόσο χρονών είστε;

informal, sing.

[**póso xronón íse?**]

Πόσο χρονών είσαι;

If you want to say “**I am ... years old.**”, you say:

[**íme...xronón**]

Είμαι...χρονών.



- When someone’s age ends with “1” we use the word «έτος» [**étos**] (year).

For example, «Είναι ενός έτους» [**íne enós étus**] (He is one year old).

- With the rest of the numbers we use the plural form «χρονών» [**xronón**] (years).

For example, «Είναι τριών χρονών» [**íne trión xronón**] (She is three years old).

- When we talk about infants between 0 and 12 months old, we use the word «μηνών» (months), as in the examples: «Είναι ενός μηνός» [**íne enós minós**] (He is one month old), «Είναι τριών μηνών» [**íne trión minón**] (She is three months old).



years [xronón] [etón]

year [étus]

month [minós]

months [minón]

If you want to ask **“What is your phone number?”** you say:

<i>honorific plural</i>	[pḗós íne o arithmós tilefónu sas?]	Ποιος είναι ο αριθμός τηλεφώνου σας;
<i>informal, sing.</i>	[pḗós íne o arithmós tilefónu su?]	Ποιος είναι ο αριθμός τηλεφώνου σου;

info In order to call Greece from abroad, dial your country’s international access code (**00** in Europe, **011** in America) and then dial **Greece’s country code** which is **30**. Finally, dial the area code and the telephone number you wish to call in Greece (a total of 10 digits). **For example**, in order to call Athens in Greece from America you dial: 011-30-210 + local number.

If you want to say **“My phone number is... ”**, you say:

[to tiléfonó mu íne...]

Το τηλέφωνό μου είναι... .

If you want to ask **“What is your e-mail address?”** you say:

<i>honorific plural</i>	[pḗó íne to e-mail sas?]	Ποιο είναι το e-mail σας;
<i>informal, sing.</i>	[pḗó íne to e-mail su?]	Ποιο είναι το e-mail σου;

If you want to say **“My e-mail address is... ”**, you say:

[to email mu íne...]

Το e-mail μου είναι... .

info The country code top-level domain for Greece is **.gr**



at	(@)	[papáki]
dot	(.)	[telía]
backslash	(/)	[káthetos]
hyphen	(-)	[pávla]
underscore	(_)	[kátó pávla]

EXAMPLE

irene@gmail.com [irene papáki gmail telía com]

If you want to ask **“What is your address?”** you say:

<i>honorific plural</i>	[pḗá íne i diéfθinsí sas?]	Ποια είναι η διεύθυνσή σας;
<i>informal, sing.</i>	[pḗá íne i diéfθinsí su?]	Ποια είναι η διεύθυνσή σου;

If you want to say **“My address is... ”**, you say:

[i diéfθinsí mu íne...]

Η διεύθυνσή μου είναι... .

info For addresses, we put the street name first and then follows street number.

EXAMPLES

My name is Linda. What’s yours?	[me léne línda] [eséna?]
My name is Nick.	[me léne níko]
I am sorry, I didn’t hear your name.	[sihynómi dén ákusa to ónomá su]
What is your home address?	[pḗá íne i diéfθinsi tiz katičías su?]
43 Athinas St., Rodos.	[aθinás saránda tría róðos]
Did you get my e-mail?	[élaves to e-mail mu?]
No. When did you send it?	[óxi] [póte to éstiles?]
May I see your ID card?	[boró ná ðó ti(n) daftótítá sas?]



You can find more words and phrases on **Personal details and contact information** in the Glossary, on page 39 through 48. **In the next unit you will learn HOW TO ASK & ANSWER ABOUT WHERE ONE IS FROM.**

Where are you from?

Words and phrases: *come from, origin, country of origin, nationality, citizenship, citizen(s), foreigner(s), country(-ies), town(s)/city(-ies), village(s), I was born..., descendant(s), ancestor(s).*

If you want to ask or say:

- Where are you from?	- Which country are you from?
- I am from... .	- I am from... .
- Where do you come from?	- Which town/city are you from?
- I come from... .	- I am from... .
- Where were you born?	- Where did you grow up?
- I was born in... .	- I grew up in... .

If you want to say:

come from	[katáyome]	κατάγομαι
origin	[katayojí]	καταγωγή
country of origin	[tópos katayojís]	τόπος καταγωγής
nationality	[eθnikótita]	εθνικότητα
citizenship	[ipikoótita]	υπηκοότητα
citizen(s)	[ipíkoos] (sing., m., f.), [ipíkoí] (pl., m., f.)	υπήκοος, υπήκοοι
foreigner	[aloðapós] (sing., m.), [aloðarí] (sing., f.)	αλλοδαπός, αλλοδαπή
foreigners	[aloðarí] (pl., m., f.)	αλλοδαποί
country(-ies)	[xóra] (sing.), [xóres] (pl.)	χώρα, χώρες
town(s)/city(-ies)	[póli] (sing.), [pólis] (pl.)	πόλη, πόλεις
village(s)	[xorjó] (sing.), [xorjá] (pl.)	χωριό, χωριά
I was born...	[jeníθika...]	γεννήθηκα...
descendant(s)	[apógonos] (sing.), [apógoni] (pl.)	απόγονος, απόγονοι
ancestor(s)	[prógonos] (sing.), [prógoni] (pl.)	πρόγονος, πρόγονοι

If you want to ask “Where are you from?” you say:

honorific plural	[apó pú ísaste?]	Από πού είσαστε;
informal, sing.	[apó pú íse?]	Από πού είσαι;

If you want to say “I am from...”, you say:

[íme apó ton/tin/to...] Είμαι από τον/την/το... .	EXAMPLES	
	<i>I am from Canada.</i>	[íme apó toj ganaðá]
	<i>I am from China.</i>	[íme apó tij gína]
	<i>I am from Mexico.</i>	[íme apó to meksikó]

If you want to ask “Where do you come from?” you say:

honorific plural	[apó pú íne i katayojí sas?]	Από πού είναι η καταγωγή σας;
informal, sing.	[apó pú íne i katayojí su?]	Από πού είναι η καταγωγή σου;

If you want to say “I come from...”, you say:

[katáyome apó ton/tin/to...] Κατάγομαι από τον/την/το... .	EXAMPLES	
	<i>I come from Canada.</i>	[katáyome apó toj ganaðá]
	<i>I come from China.</i>	[katáyome apó tij gína]
	<i>I come from Mexico.</i>	[katáyome apó to meksikó]

If you want to ask “Where were you born?” you say:

honorific plural	[pú jeniθíkate?]	Πού γεννηθήκατε;
informal, sing.	[pú jeniθikes?]	Πού γεννήθηκες;

If you want to say “*I was born in...* ”, you say:

[jeníθika ston/stin/sto...]

Γεννήθηκα στον/στην/στο... .

EXAMPLES

<i>I was born in Canada.</i>	[jeníθika ston ganaðá]
<i>I was born in China.</i>	[jeníθika stin gína]
<i>I was born in Mexico.</i>	[jeníθika sto meksikó]

If you want to ask “*Which country are you from?*” you say:

<i>honorific plural</i>	[apó pḗá xóra íste?]	Από ποια χώρα είστε;
<i>informal, sing.</i>	[apó pḗá xóra íse?]	Από ποια χώρα είσαι;

If you want to say “*I am from...* ”, you say:

[íme apó ton/tin/to...]

Είμαι από τον/την/το... .

EXAMPLES

<i>I am from Canada.</i>	[íme apó ton ganaðá]
<i>I am from China.</i>	[íme apó tin gína]
<i>I am from Mexico.</i>	[íme apó to meksikó]

If you want to ask “*Which town/city are you from?*” you say:

<i>honorific plural</i>	[apó pḗá póli íste?]	Από ποια πόλη είστε;
<i>informal, sing.</i>	[apó pḗá póli íse?]	Από ποια πόλη είσαι;

If you want to say “*I am from...* ”, you say:

[íme apó ton/tin/to...]

Είμαι από τον/την/το... .

EXAMPLES

<i>I am from Volos.</i>	[íme apó ton vólo]
<i>I am from Barcelona.</i>	[íme apó tin varḗkelóni]
<i>I am from London.</i>	[íme apó to lonðíno]

If you want to ask “*Where did you grow up?*” you say:

<i>honorific plural</i>	[pú megalósate?]	Πού μεγαλώσατε;
<i>informal, sing.</i>	[pú megalóses?]	Πού μεγάλωσες;

If you want to say “*I grew up in...* ”, you say:

[meýalosa ston/stin/sto...]

Μεγάλωσα στον/στην/στο... .

EXAMPLES

<i>I grew up in Canada.</i>	[meýalosa ston ganaðá]
<i>I grew up in China.</i>	[meýalosa stin gína]
<i>I grew up in Mexico.</i>	[meýalosa sto meksikó]



Asia	[asía]	Europe	[evrópi]
America	[amerikí]	Oceania	[oḗanía]
Africa	[afrikí]	Antarctica	[antarktikí]

EXAMPLES
















<i>Where are you from?</i>	[apó pú íse?]
<i>I'm from the USA.</i>	[íme apó tin amerikí]
<i>Which state?</i>	[apó pḗá politía?]
<i>(From) Boston.</i>	[apó ti vostoni]
<i>Where did you grow up?</i>	[pú megalóses?]
<i>In Spain.</i>	[stin ispanía]



You can find more words and phrases on **Where are you from** in the Glossary, on page 48 through 49. In the next unit you will learn some **COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES OF ASIA**.

Countries and nationalities of Asia

- China – Chinese (m.)/(f.)
- India – Indian (m.)/(f.)
- Indonesia – Indonesian (m.)/(f.)
- Pakistan – Pakistani (m.)/(f.)
- Bangladesh – Bangladeshi (m.)/(f.)

 Chinese [kínēzos] Κινέζος	China [kína] Κίνα	 Chinese [kínēza] Κινέζα	 Chinese: [kínēzika]	EXAMPLES <i>I am from China.</i> [íme apó tin gína] <i>I am Chinese.</i> [íme kínēzos] (m.) <i>I am Chinese.</i> [íme kínēza] (f.)
 Indian [inḗos] Ινδός	India [inḗia] Ινδία	 Indian [inḗi] Ινδή	 Hindi: [inḗiká]	EXAMPLES <i>I am from India.</i> [íme apó tin inḗia] <i>I am Indian.</i> [íme inḗos] (m.) <i>I am Indian.</i> [íme inḗi] (f.)
 Indonesian [inḗonísios] Ινδονήσιος	Indonesia [inḗonisia] Ινδονησία	 Indonesian [inḗonisia] Ινδονήσια	 Bahasa Indonesia: [inḗonisiakí baxása]	EXAMPLES <i>I am from Indonesia.</i> [íme apó tin inḗonisia] <i>I am Indonesian.</i> [íme inḗonísios] (m.) <i>I am Indonesian.</i> [íme inḗonisia] (f.)
 Pakistani [paķistanós] Πακιστανός	Pakistan [paķistán] Πακιστάν	 Pakistani [paķistani] Πακιστανή	 Urdu: [úrndu]	EXAMPLES <i>I am from Pakistan.</i> [íme apó to paķistán] <i>I am Pakistani.</i> [íme paķistanós] (m.) <i>I am Pakistani.</i> [íme paķistani] (f.)
 Bangladeshi [baglandesianós] Μπαγκλαντεσιανός	Bangladesh [baglandés] Μπαγκλαντές	 Bangladeshi [baglandesianí] Μπαγκλαντεσιανή	 Bengali: [vengáli]	EXAMPLES <i>I am from Bangladesh.</i> [íme apó to baglandés] <i>I am Bangladeshi.</i> [íme baglandesianós] (m.) <i>I am Bangladeshi.</i> [íme baglandesianí] (f.)























Embassies	Address	Telephone	Webpage or E-mail
China	10-12 Dimokratias St., Paleo Psychico, 15452, Athens	(00 30) 210 672 3281	gr.china-embassy.org/eng
India	3 Kleanthous St., 10674, Athens	(00 30) 210 721 6227	www.indianembassy.gr
Indonesia	99 Marathonodromon St., Paleo Psychico, 15452, Athens	(00 30) 210 677 4692	kemlu.go.id/athens/en
Pakistan	15 Vekiareli St., Filothei, 15237, Athens	(00 30) 210 729 0214	parepathen@otenet.gr
Bangladesh	119 Marathonodromon St., Paleo Psychico, 15452, Athens	(00 30) 210 672 0250	bdembassy.gr



You can find more **Countries and nationalities of Asia** in the Glossary, on page 49 through 50.
 In the next unit you will learn some **COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES OF AMERICA**.

Countries and nationalities of America

- USA – American (m.)/(f.)
- Mexico – Mexican (m.)/(f.)
- Canada – Canadian (m.)/(f.)
- Brazil – Brazilian (m.)/(f.)
- Colombia – Colombian (m.)/(f.)

<p>United States of America [inoménes politíes amerikís]</p>		 <p>American English: [amerikánika angliká]</p>									
 American [amerikanós] Αμερικανός	<p>Ηνωμένες Πολιτείες Αμερικής</p>	 American [amerikaníða] Αμερικανίδα	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">EXAMPLES</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>I am from America.</td> <td>[íme apó tin amerikí]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I am American.</td> <td>[íme amerikanós] (m.)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I am American.</td> <td>[íme amerikaníða] (f.)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	EXAMPLES		I am from America.	[íme apó tin amerikí]	I am American.	[íme amerikanós] (m.)	I am American.	[íme amerikaníða] (f.)
EXAMPLES											
I am from America.	[íme apó tin amerikí]										
I am American.	[íme amerikanós] (m.)										
I am American.	[íme amerikaníða] (f.)										
<p>Mexico [meksikó] Μεξικό</p>		 <p>Spanish: [ispaniká]</p>									
 Mexican [meksikanós] Μεξικανός		 Mexican [meksikani] Μεξικανή	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">EXAMPLES</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>I am from Mexico.</td> <td>[íme apó to meksikó]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I am Mexican.</td> <td>[íme meksikanós] (m.)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I am Mexican.</td> <td>[íme meksikani] (f.)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	EXAMPLES		I am from Mexico.	[íme apó to meksikó]	I am Mexican.	[íme meksikanós] (m.)	I am Mexican.	[íme meksikani] (f.)
EXAMPLES											
I am from Mexico.	[íme apó to meksikó]										
I am Mexican.	[íme meksikanós] (m.)										
I am Mexican.	[íme meksikani] (f.)										
<p>Canada [kanaðás] Καναδάς</p>		 <p>English, French: [angliká], [yaliká]</p>									
 Canadian [kanaðós] Καναδός		 Canadian [kanaði] Καναδή	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">EXAMPLES</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>I am from Canada.</td> <td>[íme apó toj ganaða]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I am Canadian.</td> <td>[íme kanaðós] (m.)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I am Canadian.</td> <td>[íme kanaði] (f.)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	EXAMPLES		I am from Canada.	[íme apó toj ganaða]	I am Canadian.	[íme kanaðós] (m.)	I am Canadian.	[íme kanaði] (f.)
EXAMPLES											
I am from Canada.	[íme apó toj ganaða]										
I am Canadian.	[íme kanaðós] (m.)										
I am Canadian.	[íme kanaði] (f.)										
<p>Brazil [vrazilía] Βραζιλία</p>		 <p>Portuguese: [portoyaliká]</p>									
 Brazilian [vraziíanos] Βραζιλιάνος		 Brazilian [vraziána] Βραζιλιάνα	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">EXAMPLES</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>I am from Brazil.</td> <td>[íme apó ti vrazilía]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I am Brazilian.</td> <td>[íme vraziíanos] (m.)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I am Brazilian.</td> <td>[íme vraziána] (f.)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	EXAMPLES		I am from Brazil.	[íme apó ti vrazilía]	I am Brazilian.	[íme vraziíanos] (m.)	I am Brazilian.	[íme vraziána] (f.)
EXAMPLES											
I am from Brazil.	[íme apó ti vrazilía]										
I am Brazilian.	[íme vraziíanos] (m.)										
I am Brazilian.	[íme vraziána] (f.)										
<p>Colombia [kolomvía] Κολομβία</p>		 <p>Spanish: [ispaniká]</p>									
 Colombian [kolomvianós] Κολομβιανός		 Colombian [kolomviani] Κολομβιανή	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">EXAMPLES</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>I am from Colombia.</td> <td>[íme apó tin golomvía]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I am Colombian.</td> <td>[íme kolomvianós] (m.)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I am Colombian.</td> <td>[íme kolomviani] (f.)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	EXAMPLES		I am from Colombia.	[íme apó tin golomvía]	I am Colombian.	[íme kolomvianós] (m.)	I am Colombian.	[íme kolomviani] (f.)
EXAMPLES											
I am from Colombia.	[íme apó tin golomvía]										
I am Colombian.	[íme kolomvianós] (m.)										
I am Colombian.	[íme kolomviani] (f.)										























Embassies	Address	Telephone	Webpage or E-mail
U.S.	91 Vasilisis Sofias Ave., 10160, Athens	(00 30) 210 721 2951	gr.usembassy.gov
Mexico	14 Platia Filikis Eterias, 10673, Athens	(00 30) 210 729 4780	embamex.sre.gob.mx/grecia
Canada	48 Ethnikis Antistaseos St., Chalandri, 15231, Athens	(00 30) 210 727 3400	www.international.gc.ca/world-monde/greece-grece
Brazil	23 Vasilissis Sofias Ave., Kolonaki, 10674, Athens	(00 30) 210 721 3039	atenas.itamaraty.gov.br/en-us
Colombia	40 Kyprou St., Kifissia, 14562, Athens	(00 30) 210 623 1453	www.colombianconsulate.gr






You can find more **Countries and nationalities of America** in the Glossary, on page 50 through 53. In the next unit you will learn some **COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES OF AFRICA**.

Countries and nationalities of Africa

- Nigeria – Nigerian (m.)/(f.)
- Ethiopia – Ethiopian (m.)/(f.)
- Algeria – Algerian (m.)/(f.)
- Egypt – Egyptian (m.)/(f.)
- Tanzania – Tanzanian (m.)/(f.)

 Nigerian [nijirianós] Νιγηριανός	Nigeria [nijiría] Νιγηρία	 Nigerian [nijirianí] Νιγηριανή	 English: [angliká]	
 Egyptian [ejíptios] Αιγύπτιος	Egypt [éjiptos] Αίγυπτος	 Egyptian [ejíptia] Αιγύπτια	 Arabic: [araviká]	
 Ethiopian [eθíopas] Αιθίοπας	Ethiopia [eθioπía] Αιθιοπία	 Ethiopian [eθioπína] Αιθιοπίνα	 Amharic: [amxariķí]	
 Tanzanian [tanzanós] Τανζανός	Tanzania [tanzanía] Τανζανία	 Tanzanian [tanzaní] Τανζανή	 Swahili, English: [suaǰíli], [angliká]	
 Algerian [aljerinós] Αλγερινός	Algeria [aljería] Αλγερία	 Algerian [aljeriní] Αλγερινή	 Arabic: [araviká]	

   The embassy of the United Republic of Tanzania is based in Rome. For more information you can visit the webpage www.tanzania-gov.it.























Embassies	Address	Telephone	Webpage or E-mail
Nigeria	17 Streit St., Filothei, 15237, Athens	(00 30) 210 802 1188	www.nigerianembassyathens.org
Egypt	3 Vasilissis Sofias Ave., 10671, Athens	(00 30) 216 000 2700	egypt@yahoo.com
Honorary Consulate of Ethiopia	253 Sygrou Ave., 17122, Athens	(00 30) 210 940 3483	www.ethiogr.org
Algeria	14 Vasileos Konstantinou Ave., Pagrati, 11635, Athens	(00 30) 210 756 4191	embalg@otenet.gr



You can find more **Countries and nationalities of Africa** in the Glossary, on page 53 through 54. In the next unit you will learn some **COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES OF EUROPE**.

Countries and nationalities of Europe

- Belgium – Belgian (m.)/(f.)
- France – French (m.)/(f.)
- Germany – German (m.)/(f.)
- Italy – Italian (m.)/(f.)
- Luxembourg – Luxembourger (m.)/(f.)

 Belgian [véljos] Βέλγος	Belgium [véljio] Βέλγιο	 Belgian [vélja] Βέλγα	 French, Dutch, German: [yaliká], [olanðiká], [jermaniká] 
 French [gálos] Γάλλος	France [yalía] Γαλλία	 French [yalíða] Γαλλίδα	 French: [yaliká] 
 German [jermanós] Γερμανός	Germany [jermanía] Γερμανία	 German [jermaníða] Γερμανίδα	 German: [jermaniká] 
 Italian [italós] Ιταλός	Italy [italía] Ιταλία	 Italian [italíða] Ιταλίδα	 Italian: [italiká] 
 Luxembourger [luxemvúrjios] Λουξεμβούργιος	Luxembourg [luxemvúrvo] Λουξεμβούργο	 Luxembourger [luxemvúrjia] Λουξεμβούργια	 French, German, Luxembourgish: [yaliká], [jermaniká], [luxemvurjianá] 



info The official language of the country of Greece is Greek.



info The above European countries are placed by order/year of entry to the European Union.






Embassies	Address	Telephone	Webpage or E-mail
Belgium	3 Sekeri St., 10671, Athens	(00 30) 210 361 7887	diplomatie.belgium.be/en/greece
France	7 Vasilisis Sofias Ave., 10671, Athens	(00 30) 210 339 1000	www.ambafrance-gr.org
Germany	3 Karaali & Dimitriou St., Kolonaki, 10675, Athens	(00 30) 210 728 5111	www.griechenland.diplo.de
Italy	2 Sekeri St., 10674, Athens	(00 30) 210 361 7260	www.ambatene.esteri.it
Luxembourg	23 Vasilissis Sofias Ave. & 2 Neofytou Vamva St., 10674, Athens	(00 30) 210 725 6400	athenes.mae.lu/fr



You can find more **Countries and nationalities of Europe** in the Glossary, on page 54 through 55. In the next unit you will learn some **COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES OF OCEANIA**.

Countries and nationalities of Oceania

- Australia – Australian (m.)/(f.)
- New Zealand – New Zealander (m.)/(f.)
- Hawaii – Hawaiian (m.)/(f.)
- Samoa – Samoan (m.)/(f.)
- Tonga – Tongan (m.)/(f.)

 Australian [afstralós] Αυστραλός	Australia [afstralía] Αυστραλία	 Australian [afstralí] Αυστραλή	 English: [angliká]	
 New Zealander [neozilanθós] Νεοζηλανδός	New Zealand [néa zilanθía] Νέα Ζηλανδία	 New Zealander [neozilanθí] Νεοζηλανδή	 English, Māori: [angliká], [maorí]	
 Hawaiian [xavanézos] Χαβανέζος	Hawaii [xavái] Χαβάη	 Hawaiian [xavanéza] Χαβανέζα	 English, Hawaiian: [angliká], [xavanézika]	
 Samoan [samoanós] Σαμοανός	Samoa [samóa] Σαμόα	 Samoan [samoaní] Σαμοανή	 English, Samoan: [angliká], [samóa]	
 Tongan [tóngios] Τόνγκιος	Tonga [tóngga] Τόνγκα	 Tongan [tónggia] Τόνγκια	 English, Tongan: [angliká], [tonganiká]	

 The countries are ranked based on their population number.



Embassies	Address	Telephone	Webpage or E-mail
Australia	5 Hatziyianni Mexi Street, 11528, Athens	(00 30) 210 870 4000	www.greece.embassy.gov.au
New Zealand	76 Kifisias Ave., 11526, Athens	(00 30) 210 692 4136	costacot@yahoo.com



You can find more **Countries and nationalities of Oceania** in the Glossary, on page 55 through 56. In the next unit you will learn **THE NAMES OF SOME GREEK CITIES AND ISLANDS**.

Names of cities and islands in Greece

Words: city(-ies), small town(s), island(s), capital(s).

Largest Greek cities

Largest Greek islands

If you want to say:

city(-ies)	[póli] (sing.), [pólis] (pl.)	πόλη, πόλεις
small town(s)	[komópoli] (sing.), [komopólis] (pl.)	κωμόπολη, κωμοπόλεις
island(s)	[nisí] (sing.), [nisǵá] (pl.)	νησί, νησιά
capital(s)	[protévusa] (sing.), [protévuses] (pl.)	πρωτεύουσα, πρωτεύουσες

The largest cities of Greece

Athens	[aθína]	Αθήνα
Athenian	[aθinéos] (m.), [aθinéa] (f.)	Αθηναίος, Αθηναία
Piraeus	[pireás]	Πειραιάς
From Piraeus	[pireótis] (m.), [pireótisa] (f.)	Πειραιώτης, Πειραιώτισσα
Thessaloniki	[thesaloníki]	Θεσσαλονίκη
From Thessaloniki	[thesalonikós] (m.) [thesaloniká] (f.)	Θεσσαλονικιός Θεσσαλονικιά
Patra	[pátra]	Πάτρα
From Patra	[patrinós] (m.), [patriní] (f.)	Πατρινός, Πατρινή
Heraklion	[iráklio]	Ηράκλειο
From Heraklion	[iraklótis] (m.), [iraklótisa] (f.)	Ηρακλειώτης, Ηρακλειώτισσα
Larissa	[lárisa]	Λάρισα
From Larissa	[lariséos] (m.), [lariséa] (f.)	Λαρισαίος, Λαρισαία
Volos	[vólos]	Βόλος
From Volos	[voíótis] (m.), [voíótisa] (f.)	Βολιώτης, Βολιώτισσα
Ioannina	[ioánina]	Ιωάννινα
From Ioannina	[jañótis] (m.), [jañótisa] (f.)	Γιαννιώτης, Γιαννιώτισσα
Chania	[xañá]	Χανιά
From Chania	[xañótis] (m.), [xañótisa] (f.)	Χανιώτης, Χανιώτισσα
Kavala	[kavála]	Καβάλα
From Kavala	[kavaíótis] (m.), [kavaíótisa] (f.)	Καβαλιώτης, Καβαλιώτισσα
Chalkida	[xalkíða]	Χαλκίδα
From Chalkida	[xalkiðéos] (m.), [xalkiðéa] (f.)	Χαλκιδαίος, Χαλκιδαία
Kalamata	[kalamáta]	Καλαμάτα
From Kalamata	[kalamatǵános] (m.) [kalamatǵaní] (f.)	Καλαματιανός Καλαματιανή
Agrinio	[ayrínio]	Αγρίνιο
From Agrinio	[ayriñótis] (m.), [ayriñótisa] (f.)	Αγρινιώτης, Αγρινιώτισσα
Trikala	[tríkala]	Τρίκαλα
From Trikala	[trikalinos] (m.), [trikaliní] (f.)	Τρικαλινός, Τρικαλινή
Serres	[séres]	Σέρρες
From Serres	[seréos] (m.), [seréa] (f.)	Σερραίος, Σερραία
Lamia	[lamía]	Λαμία
From Lamia	[lamñótis] (m.), [lamñótisa] (f.)	Λαμιώτης, Λαμιώτισσα

info Greece has a population of approximately 11 million. Athens is the capital and the largest city of Greece, with a population of over four million and a history of more than 6,000 years.