

**Around the City:**  
Your Comprehensive  
Greek Companion  
for Everyday Life

Irene J. Karageorgou

Everything You Need to  
Discover the Heart and  
Soul of Greece through  
Language Learning!

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”  
!

**TO ALL FOREIGN VISITORS WHO  
REALLY WANT TO GET TO KNOW**

MY COUNTRY,  
GREECE.



**IRENE J. KARAGEORGOY**

AROUND THE CITY

TRANSLATION: **TINA KARAGIANNI**

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## **ABOUT** THE AUTHOR



IRENE J. KARAGEORGOU IS A PASSIONATE TUTOR AND LIFELONG LEARNER DEDICATED TO TEACHING GREEK AS A SECOND OR FOREIGN LANGUAGE. WITH EXTENSIVE ACADEMIC STUDIES IN GREEK PHILOLOGY, INTERCULTURAL EDUCATION, ICT IN EDUCATION, AND SPECIAL EDUCATION, SHE COMBINES A WEALTH OF KNOWLEDGE WITH A GENUINE LOVE FOR SHARING THE RICHNESS OF THE GREEK LANGUAGE AND CULTURE.

AS THE FOUNDER OF GREEK TALK, THE INNOVATIVE PLATFORM THAT MERGES LANGUAGE LEARNING WITH CULTURAL EXPLORATION, IRENE ENVISIONS MAKING GREEK ACCESSIBLE TO EVERYONE. HER APPROACH EMPHASIZES AUTHENTIC COMMUNICATION, EFFECTIVE TEACHING METHODS, AND A DEEP CONNECTION WITH GREEK HERITAGE.

THIS BOOK IS NOT JUST A TOOL FOR LEARNING GREEK BUT A BRIDGE TO UNDERSTANDING THE HEART OF GREECE. THROUGH HER WORK, IRENE INVITES YOU ON A JOURNEY OF DISCOVERY, WHERE LANGUAGE BECOMES THE KEY TO NEW PERSPECTIVES AND MEANINGFUL CONNECTIONS.

# Table of Contents

<b>Unit 1</b>	<b>Greek pronunciation guide Part 1</b> (vowels, diphthongs, combinations).....	11
<b>Unit 2</b>	<b>Greek pronunciation guide Part 2</b> (consonants, How to accent Greek words).....	12
<b>Unit 3</b>	<b>Greek pronunciation guide Part 3</b> (consonant digraphs, double consonants).....	13
<b>Unit 4</b>	<b>At the hotel</b> .....	14
<b>Unit 5</b>	<b>At the bank</b> .....	17
<b>Unit 6</b>	<b>At the supermarket</b> .....	19
<b>Unit 7</b>	<b>At the bakery</b> .....	21
<b>Unit 8</b>	<b>At the greengrocer's</b> .....	22
<b>Unit 9</b>	<b>At the butcher's shop</b> .....	24
<b>Unit 10</b>	<b>At the fishmonger's</b> .....	25
<b>Unit 11</b>	<b>The Greek kiosk</b> .....	26
<b>Unit 12</b>	<b>Going shopping</b> .....	28
<b>Unit 13</b>	<b>At the hairdresser's</b> .....	31
<b>Unit 14</b>	<b>Parts of the human face and human body</b> .....	32
<b>Unit 15</b>	<b>At the hospital</b> .....	34
<b>Unit 16</b>	<b>At the pharmacy</b> .....	38

## Glossary

<b>Unit 3</b>	<b>Greek pronunciation guide Part 3</b>	
•	Greek Alphabet .....	41
<b>Unit 4</b>	<b>At the hotel</b>	
•	words & phrases.....	42
•	hotel facilities information.....	42
•	complaints.....	43
•	positive comments for your stay at the hotel .....	44
<b>Unit 5</b>	<b>At the bank</b>	
•	words & phrases.....	44
•	currencies.....	44
•	euro coins .....	45
•	euro banknotes .....	45
<b>Unit 6</b>	<b>At the supermarket</b>	
•	supermarket products.....	45
•	quantities and containers.....	52
<b>Unit 7</b>	<b>At the bakery</b>	
•	bakery products .....	53
<b>Unit 8</b>	<b>At the greengrocer's</b>	
•	phrases.....	54
•	vegetables & herbs.....	54
•	fruits.....	55
<b>Unit 9</b>	<b>At the butcher's shop</b>	
•	butcher shop products.....	55
<b>Unit 10</b>	<b>At the fishmonger's</b>	
•	fishes.....	56
<b>Unit 11</b>	<b>The Greek kiosk</b>	
•	words & phrases.....	56
<b>Unit 12</b>	<b>Going shopping</b>	
•	words & phrases.....	57
•	It looks good on me. It doesn't look good on me. ....	58

- It fits me. It doesn't fit me. ....59
- I like it. Do I like it? I don't like it. ....60
- clothes.....60
- underwear.....61
- shoes.....62
- accessories.....62
- jewellery.....63
- dressing style.....63
- fabric.....64
- colors.....64
- shop categories.....64
- Unit 13 At the hairdresser's**
- hairdos .....65
- phrases .....66
- beauty services .....67
- Unit 14 Parts of the human face and human body**
- words & phrases.....67
- body fluids .....68
- senses .....68
- describing appearance .....68
- describing personality .....70
- Unit 15 At the hospital**
- words & phrases.....73
- describing symptoms and telling how I feel .....73
- clinics, hospitals, wings and units .....74
- tests .....75
- common illnesses and Diseases .....75
- chronic Diseases and Condition .....76
- at the dentist's.....76
- Unit 15 At the pharmacy**
- words & phrases.....76
  
- Extra practice**
- Unit 1 Greek pronunciation guide Part 1** .....79
- Unit 2 Greek pronunciation guide Part 2** .....80
- Unit 3 Greek pronunciation guide Part 3** .....81
- Unit 1, Unit 2, Unit 3**.....82
- Unit 4 At the hotel**.....82
- Unit 5 At the bank**.....84
- Unit 6 At the supermarket**.....85
- Unit 7 At a bakery** .....86
- Unit 8 At the greengrocer's**.....87
- Unit 9 At the butcher's shop**.....89
- Unit 10 At the fishmonger's**.....90
- Unit 11 The Greek kiosk**.....91
- Unit 12 Going shopping**.....92
- Unit 13 At the hairdresser's**.....93
- Unit 14 Parts of the human face and human body**.....94
- Unit 15 At the hospital**.....95
- Unit 16 At the pharmacy**.....97

**Key to exercises** .....100

## BOOK DESCRIPTION

The book you are holding is a starting point for those who want to gain command of the Greek language, understand the Greek soul and be initiated into the Greek culture. It is a groundbreaking travel guide to Greece and at the same time it is a communication and pronunciation guide, an understanding-the-Greek-culture guide and a guide that offers practical tips for every chaday life in Greece.

It is a **communication guide** because it includes useful words and phrases as well as extra Greek vocabulary that can be used by foreign language speaking visitors in Greece to cover basic communication needs such as speaking and understanding Greek. This will help them deal with everyday language challenges successfully and with confidence while in Greece.

It is a **pronunciation guide** as all words are presented in both their written form and pronunciation. International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA)\*symbols are used so that words are pronounced as accurately as possible. This will help speakers be precise and avoid misunderstandings due to errors in pronunciation. Any other transcription of phonetic symbols is arbitrary.

It is a **guide in the Greek culture** because it provides information about the customs and traditions, the mentality and everyday life routines of modern Greeks helping visitors to get accustomed to, understand and decode the Greek way of life and behaviour.

Finally, it is a **practical guide** as it offers a wide array of additional useful tips about everyday life that complete what one needs to know before and during their visit to Greece, in order to experience a pleasant stay.

Learners can also find extra practice exercises for every Unit in order to test themselves and see what they have learned.

*\* The IPA is a system of phonetic notation. It was devised by the International Phonetic Association as a standardized system of speech sounds and is based mainly on Latin and partially Greek script. The IPA symbols can be used to present the pronunciation of each word in any language. In this book the IPA symbols are used to explain the pronunciation of Greek words with accuracy. The IPA symbols that you will learn in Units 1, 2 and 3 of the book are a one-to-one correspondence between the symbols and the sounds found in the Greek language.*

## THEMATIC UNITS

Hotel
Bank
Supermarket
Bakery
Greengrocer
Butcher
Fishmonger
Greek kiosk
Shopping
Hairdresser
Human face, human body
Hospital

## BOOK STRUCTURE

There are 16 units in the book with helpful vocabulary and tips that cover 13 different situations in which you may find yourself during your stay in Greece. In the **first part** you can find useful words and phrases, information about the Greek culture and practical tips that follow the theme of each unit. The **second part** offers extra vocabulary while in the **third part** you can find practice exercises to check your knowledge.

## UNIT STRUCTURE

Each unit is independent; it is not connected with the previous or the following unit and can be studied separately. At the beginning of each unit (orange board) you can find a **summary** of the unit which is then followed by a **detailed presentation** (vocabulary, phrases, sentences). At the end of the unit (purple board) you can find comprehensive **examples**. Rich cultural **information** and useful **tips** along with relevant icons complete the theme of each unit.

## HOW TO READ THE BOOK

The bold blue IPA symbols in brackets represent the pronunciation of the Greek words, modified to suit the needs of the book.

e.g. [**protoxroñá**]

The bold red italics are used for the English words, phrases and sentences that are translated into Greek and the Greek pronunciation is given.

e.g. ***New Year's Day*** [**protoxroñá**]

The black fonts are used for the translated words, phrases and sentences into Greek.

e.g. ***New Year's Day*** [**protoxroñá**] Πρωτοχρονιά

### Notes

- For borrowed words, the pronunciation closest to the original was selected.  
e.g. For the word *champagne* the transcription is [**sampáña**]
- The parentheses in italic black font inside the brackets include:
  - The number symbol of the preceding number word.  
e.g. *eight pork skewers*: [**oxtó (8) suvlák̃a x̃iriná**]
  - Monetary value.  
e.g. *€6 please*: [**éksi evró (€6) parakaló**]

### Accent mark

The accent mark is placed over the stressed vowel. One-syllable words which do not carry an accent mark according to Greek grammar rules, are transcribed with an accent mark when the vowel is stressed in pronunciation.

e.g. και [**k̃é**] *and*





## Abbreviations

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Meaning</i>	<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Meaning</i>
<i>sing.</i>	singular	<i>pl. form</i>	plural form
<i>pl.</i>	plural	<i>tel.</i>	telephone
<i>sing. form</i>	singular form	<i>km</i>	kilometers

## WHO IS THE BOOK FOR

This book is for those who love Greece and want to become acquainted with the country itself, as well as its language, history and culture. For those who want to live the experience of travelling around Greece and enjoy a cultural “adventure”. For those who want to be able to have satisfactory day-to-day communication during their stay in Greece. For those who want to communicate more effectively with their Greek friends, relatives or business associates.

## ICONS USED IN THE BOOK

	Extra vocabulary
	Useful information
	Top highlights
	Useful tips
	Contact information
	Word origin, word etymology, meaning
	Culinary advice
	Traditions and customs
	Museums
	Grammar and pronunciation rules
	Greek originality
	See glossary
	Distances (in km)
	Opening hours
	Unit change
	Cultural don'ts

## ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Irene Karageorgou is considered an expert in teaching Greek as a foreign language. Her educational courses “**Greek for Beginners. The Complete Method. Level 1 Part 1,2,3**” are bestsellers and have been bought by thousands of learners. She has been teaching Greek to foreign and native speakers for more than 15 years. She is married and she has a son.

## Greek pronunciation guide Part 1 (vowels, diphthongs, combinations)

Vowels: Α α, Ε ε, Η η, Ι ι, Υ υ, Ο ο, Ω ω

Diphthongs: Αἶ αἶ, ΑΗ αη, ΟΗ οη, Όι όι

Vowel digraphs: ΟΥ ου, Αι αι, Ει ει, Οι οι, Υι υι

Combinations: ΑΥ αυ, ΕΥ ευ

Vowels: Α α, Ε ε, Η η, Ι ι, Υ υ, Ο ο, Ω ω

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
A	α	[a]	<i>almond</i>	⇒	αλάτι	[aláti]	<i>salt</i>
E	ε	[e]*	<i>ten</i>	⇒	τέσσερα	[tésera]	<i>four</i>
H	η	[i]*	<i>hit</i>	⇒	μήλο	[mílo]	<i>apple</i>
I	ι	1. [i]* 2. [j] 3. [x̃] 4. [ñ]	<i>hit</i> <i>yes</i> <i>humor</i> <i>new</i>	⇒	1. ιδέα 2. καρδιά 3. μάτια 4. μία**	[iḃéa] [karḃjá] [máṭxa] [mñá]	<i>idea</i> <i>heart</i> <i>eyes</i> <i>one</i>
Y	υ	[i]*	<i>hit</i>	⇒	κύμα	[kíma]	<i>wave</i>
O	ο	[o]*	<i>on</i>	⇒	όνομα	[ónoma]	<i>name</i>
Ω	ω	[o]*	<i>on</i>	⇒	ώρα	[óra]	<i>time</i>



\*\*The cardinal number one (1) has three genders in Greek. In this case the word «μία» is the female gender.

Vowel digraphs (two vowels pronounced as one): ΟΥ ου, Αι αι, Ει ει, Οι οι, Υι υι

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
OY	ου	[u]	<i>put</i>	⇒	κούπα	[kúpa]	<i>cup</i>
AI	αι	[e]*	<i>ten</i>	⇒	και	[ké]	<i>and</i>
EI	ει	[i]*	<i>hit</i>	⇒	είκοσι	[íkosì]	<i>twenty</i>
OI	οι	[i]*	<i>hit</i>	⇒	οικονομία	[ikonomía]	<i>economy</i>
YI	υι	[i]*	<i>hit</i>	⇒	υιός	[iós]	<i>son</i>



✓ \***[e]** is represented by two Greek graphemes: ε, αι

✓ \***[i]** is represented by six Greek graphemes: η, ι, υ, ει, οι, υι

Diphthongs (two vowels pronounced as one syllable): Αἶ αἶ, ΑΗ αη, ΟΗ οη, Όι όι

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
Aἶ	αἶ	[ai]	<i>ice</i>	⇒	γάιδαρος	[gáiḍaros]	<i>donkey</i>
AΗ	αη	[ai]	<i>ice</i>	⇒	αηδόνη	[aīḃóni]	<i>nightingale</i>
ΟΗ	οη	[oi]	<i>oil</i>	⇒	βόηθα	[vóitha]	<i>help</i>
Όι	όι	[oi]	<i>oil</i>	⇒	ρόδι	[róidi]	<i>pomegranate</i>

Combinations: ΑΥ αυ, ΕΥ ευ (are pronounced in two different ways)

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
AY	αυ	1. [av] 2. [af]	<i>avant-garde</i> <i>after</i>	⇒	αύριο αυτή	[ávrio] [aftí]	<i>tomorrow</i> <i>she</i>
EY	ευ	1. [ev] 2. [ef]	<i>ever</i> <i>effect</i>	⇒	Ευρώπη ευχαριστώ	[evrópi] [efxaristó]	<i>Europe</i> <i>thanks</i>



In the next unit you will learn the **GREEK CONSONANTS** and **HOW TO ACCENT GREEK WORDS**.

## Greek pronunciation guide Part 2 (Consonants, How to accent Greek words)

**Consonants:** Β β, Γ γ, Δ δ, Ζ ζ, Θ θ, Κ κ, Λ λ, Μ μ, Ν ν, Ξ ξ, Π π, Ρ ρ, Σ σ ς, Τ τ, Φ φ, Χ χ, Ψ ψ  
**How to accent Greek words**

**Consonants:** Β β, Γ γ, Δ δ, Ζ ζ, Θ θ, Κ κ, Λ λ, Μ μ, Ν ν, Ξ ξ, Π π, Ρ ρ, Σ σ ς, Τ τ, Φ φ, Χ χ, Ψ ψ

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
B	β	[v]	<u>v</u> ase	⇒	βάζο	[vázo]	vase
Γ	γ	1. [ɣ] 2. [j]	<u>a</u> miga (Spanish) <u>y</u> es	⇒	γάλα	[yála]	milk
Δ	δ	[ð]	<u>t</u> his	⇒	γέρος	[jéros]	old man
Ζ	ζ	[z]	<u>z</u> one	⇒	δίνω	[ðíno]	give
Θ	θ	[θ]	<u>t</u> heater	⇒	ζώνη	[zóni]	belt
Κ	κ	1. [k] 2. [k̃]	<u>c</u> ar <u>c</u> ute	⇒	θέατρο	[théatro]	theater
Λ	λ	1. [l] 2. [l̃]	<u>l</u> ogic <u>t</u> agliatelle	⇒	καλός	[kalós]	good
Μ	μ	[m]	<u>m</u> um	⇒	και	[ké]	and
Ν	ν	1. [n] 2. [ñ] 3. [ŋ]	<u>n</u> ext <u>n</u> ew <u>a</u> nger	⇒	λογική	[lojikí]	logic
Ξ	ξ	[ks]	<u>T</u> exas	⇒	ελιά	[elía]	olive
Π	π	[p]	<u>p</u> an	⇒	μαμά	[mamá]	mum
Ρ	ρ	[r]	<u>r</u> ed	⇒	ναι	[né]	yes
Σ*	σ ς	1. [s] 2. [s] 3. [z]	<u>s</u> un <u>s</u> un <u>b</u> ismuth	⇒	πανιά	[pañá]	sails
Τ	τ	[t]	<u>t</u> ea	⇒	άγχος	[áŋchos]	anxiety
Φ	φ	[f]	<u>f</u> ast	⇒	έξι	[éksi]	six
Χ	χ	1. [x] 2. [x̃]	<u>l</u> och (Scottish) <u>h</u> uge	⇒	πόδι	[pódi]	foot
Ψ	ψ	[ps]	<u>l</u> ips	⇒	Ρώμη	[rómi]	Rome
				⇒	σήμερα	[símera]	today
				⇒	καλός	[kalós]	good
				⇒	κόσμος	[kózmos]	world
				⇒	τιμή	[timí]	price
				⇒	φως	[fós]	light
				⇒	χορός	[xorós]	dance
				⇒	όχι	[óxi]	no
				⇒	ψωμί	[psomí]	bread



\*The letter «Σ, σ» has three different forms compared to the rest of the letters of the Greek alphabet which have two. These forms are:

1. «Σ» (upper case)
2. «σ» (lower case – inside a word)



The Greek letter «Β, β» is pronounced [v] NOT [b]

The Greek letter «Ρ, ρ» is pronounced [r] NOT [p]

The Greek letter «Χ, χ» is pronounced [x], [x̃] NOT [ks]

### How to accent Greek words

When you see a letter carrying this mark (´), you should pronounce this letter louder. This mark is called **[tónos]** in Greek and “accent mark” in English. Stressing Greek words is very important. If you stress a word in a wrong way its meaning will change.

For example, the Greek word «πότε» [póte]:

- ✓ If you stress the letter [o] «πότε» [póte] it means “when” **BUT**
- ✓ If you stress the letter [e] «ποτέ» [poté] it means “never”.



**In the next unit you will learn the CONSONANT DIGRAPHS and the DOUBLE CONSONANTS.**

## Greek pronunciation guide Part 3 (Consonant Digraphs, double Consonants)

**Consonant digraphs:** ΜΠ μπ, ΝΤ ντ, ΓΚ γκ, ΓΓ γγ, ΓΧ γχ, ΤΖ τζ, ΤΣ τσ

**Double consonants:** ΒΒ ββ, ΚΚ κκ, ΛΛ λλ, ΜΜ μμ, ΝΝ νν, ΠΠ ππ, ΡΡ ρρ, ΣΣ σσ, ΤΤ ττ

**Consonant digraphs** (*two consonants pronounced as one*): ΜΠ μπ, ΝΤ ντ, ΓΚ γκ, ΓΓ γγ, ΓΧ γχ, ΤΖ τζ, ΤΣ τσ

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
ΜΠ	μπ	1. [b] 2. [mb] 3. [mp]	<u>b</u> ox <u>m</u> ember <u>im</u> perium	⇒	μπάλα κολυμπώ σαμπάνια	[bála] [kolimbó] [sampáña]	ball swim champagne
ΝΤ	ντ	1. [d] 2. [nd] 3. [nt]	<u>d</u> ay <u>en</u> d <u>ren</u> t	⇒	ντομάτα πέντε μέντα	[domáta] [pénde] [ménta]	tomato five mint
ΓΚ	γκ	1. [g] 2. [ǰ] 3. [nǰ]	<u>g</u> o <u>g</u> et <u>an</u> ger	⇒	γκολφ γκέμι έγκυος	[gólf] [ǰémi] [énǰios]	golf bridle pregnant
ΓΓ	γγ	1. [ŋg] 2. [ŋv] 3. [ŋj]	<u>En</u> glish  <u>un</u> used <u>un</u> hoped <u>un</u> healthy	⇒	Αγγλία συγγραφέας εγγενής	[anǰlía] [siŋvraféas] [enǰenís]	England author inherent
ΓΧ	γχ	1. [ŋx] 2. [nǰ]	<u>un</u> hoped <u>un</u> healthy	⇒	άγχος εγχείριση	[ánxos] [enǰírisi]	anxiety operation
ΤΖ	τζ	[dz]	<u>j</u> ee <u>p</u>	⇒	τζάκι	[dzáki]	fireplace
ΤΣ	τσ	[ts]	<u>p</u> izz <u>a</u>	⇒	τσάι	[tsái]	tea

**Double consonants** (*one consonant used written twice and pronounced as one with the exception of «γγ»*): ΒΒ ββ, ΚΚ κκ, ΛΛ λλ, ΜΜ μμ, ΝΝ νν, ΠΠ ππ, ΡΡ ρρ, ΣΣ σσ, ΤΤ ττ

Upper case	Lower case	Phonetic symbol (IPA)	Pronunciation		Greek word example	Phonetic spelling	Translation
ΒΒ	ββ	[v]	<u>v</u> ase	⇒	Σάββατο	[sávato]	Saturday
ΚΚ	κκ	[k], [k̃]	<u>car</u>	⇒	κόκκινο	[kókino]	red
ΛΛ	λλ	[l]	<u>logic</u>	⇒	Ελλάδα	[eláda]	Greece
ΜΜ	μμ	[m]	<u>map</u>	⇒	άμμος	[ámos]	sand
ΝΝ	νν	[n]	<u>next</u>	⇒	Άννα	[ána]	Ann
ΠΠ	ππ	[p]	<u>pan</u>	⇒	παππούς	[papús]	grandfather
ΡΡ	ρρ	[r]	<u>red</u>	⇒	άρρωστος	[árostos]	sick
ΣΣ	σσ	[s]	<u>sun</u>	⇒	τέσσερα	[tésera]	four
ΤΤ	ττ	[t]	<u>tea</u>	⇒	περιττός	[peritós]	unnecessary



When you study and understand the correspondence of IPA spelling to the pronunciation of Greek letters fully, you will be able to study this book, learn to pronounce Greek words correctly and speak Greek fluently.



You can find the letters of the Greek alphabet and their names in the Glossary, page 48.



In the next unit you will learn useful words and phrases that you will need **WHEN YOU LOOK FOR ACCOMMODATION.**

**Words:** hotel(s), overnight, reservation(s), to book, deposit, room(s), single room, double room, triple room, suite(s), room number, room service, room key, keycard.

**If you want to ask or say:**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| - Do you have any single/double rooms available?      | - Where is breakfast served?                  |
| - I would like to book a...room.                      | - What time's the restaurant open for dinner? |
| - What is the cost of a single/double room per night? | - When do you offer room service?             |
| - Is breakfast included in the price?                 | - Where is the pool/the elevator/the gym?     |
| - Do you have a parking garage?                       | - Can I extend my stay for another day?       |
| - Do you have wheelchair access?                      | - Could you call a taxi for me, please?       |
| - I have made a reservation, under the name... .      | - What time do I have to check out?           |
| - What time will the room be available?               | - I'd like to pay for the room and check out. |
| - What time is breakfast served?                      | - Can I leave my baggage here until...?       |

**If you want to say:**

<b>hotel(s)</b>	[ksenoðoχío] (sing.), [ksenoðoχía] (pl.)	ξενοδοχείο, ξενοδοχεία
<b>overnight</b>	[ðianiktérefsi]	διανυκτέρευση
<b>reservation(s)</b>	[krátisi] (sing.), [krátisis] (pl.)	κράτηση, κρατήσεις
<b>to book</b>	[káno krátisi]	κάνω κράτηση
<b>deposit</b>	[prokatavolí]	προκαταβολή
<b>room(s)</b>	[ðomátio] (sing.), [ðomátia] (pl.)	δωμάτιο, δωμάτια
<b>single room</b>	[monóklino ðomátio]	μονόκλινο δωμάτιο
<b>double room</b>	[ðíklino ðomátio]	δίκλινο δωμάτιο
<b>triple room</b>	[tríklino ðomátio]	τρίκλινο δωμάτιο
<b>suite(s)</b>	[suíta] (sing.), [suítes] (pl.)	σουίτα, σουίτες
<b>room number</b>	[aríthmós ðomatíu]	αριθμός δωματίου
<b>room service</b>	[ipiresía ðomatíu]	υπηρεσία δωματίου
<b>room key</b>	[kliðí ðomatíu]	κλειδί δωματίου
<b>keycard</b>	[káрта kliðí]	κάρτα κλειδί

If you want to ask **"Do you have any single/double rooms available?"** you say:


[éxete ðiaθésima monóklina/ðíklina ðomátia?]


Έχετε διαθέσιμα μονόκλινα/δίκλινα δωμάτια;

If you want to say **"I would like to book a...room."**, you say:

[Θα ήθελα να κάνω κράτηση σε ένα...δωμάτιο]

Θα ήθελα να κάνω κράτηση σε ένα...δωμάτιο.

 ...with breakfast	[...me proinó]
...with half board	[...me imiðiatrofí]
...with full board	[...me plíri ðiatrofí]
...with a double bed	[...me ðipló krevátí]
...with two single beds	[...me ðío moná krevátxa]
...with cot	[...me kúña]
...with a balcony	[...me balkóni]
...with a sea view	[...me théa sti thálasa]

 ...for today	[...ja símera]
...for tomorrow	[...ja ávrío]
...for a night	[...ja mía níxta]
...for...nights	[...ja...níxtes]
...from...	[...apó...]
...to...	[...éos...]

If you want to ask “**What is the cost of a single/double room per night?**” you say:

**[póso kostízi to monóklino/díklino domátio aná níxta?]**

Πόσο κοστίζει το μονόκλινο/δίκλινο δωμάτιο ανά νύχτα;

**info** If you are looking for a hotel or campsite in Greece, regardless of class and operation (hotels, motels, furnished apartments, camping sites, etc.) you can visit the **Hellenic Chamber Hotels** [webpage](http://www.grhotels.gr) [www.grhotels.gr](http://www.grhotels.gr).

If you want to ask “**Is breakfast included in the price?**” you say:

**[perilambánete to proinó sti(n) dimí?]**

Περιλαμβάνεται το πρωινό στην τιμή;

**info** You can find information concerning the **Greek breakfast program** and the Greek hotels where you can taste the local Greek gastronomy at: [www.greekbreakfast.gr](http://www.greekbreakfast.gr).

If you want to ask “**Do you have a parking garage?**” you say:

**[ðiathéte xóro stáθmefsis?]**

Διαθέτετε χώρο στάθμευσης;

If you want to ask “**Do you have wheelchair access?**” you say:

**[ipárxi prózvasi ja anapirikó karotsáki?]**

Υπάρχει πρόσβαση για αναπηρικό καροτσάκι;

If you want to say “**I have made a reservation, under the name... .**”, you say:

**[éxo káni mía krátisi sto ónoma...]**

Έχω κάνει μία κράτηση, στο όνομα... .

If you want to ask “**What time will the room be available?**” you say:


**[tí óra tha íne ðiathésimo to domátio?]**

Τι ώρα θα είναι διαθέσιμο το δωμάτιο;

If you want to ask “**What time is breakfast served?**” you say:

**[tí óra servírete to proinó?]**

Τι ώρα σερβίρεται το πρωινό;

	<b>breakfast</b>	[proinó]
	<b>lunch</b>	[mesimerjanó]
	<b>dinner</b>	[vraðinó]

**info** The key ingredients of the **Mediterranean diet** such as bread, olive oil, olives, yoghurt, honey, cheese products, cured meats, pies, sweets and fresh fruit are the foundation of Greek breakfast.

If you want to ask “**Where is breakfast served?**” you say:

**[pú servírete to proinó?]**

Πού σερβίρεται το πρωινό;

If you want to ask “**What time does the restaurant open for dinner?**” you say:

**[tí óra aníji to estiatório ja to ðípno?]**

Τί ώρα ανοίγει το εστιατόριο για το δείπνο;

If you want to ask “**What are the room service hours?**” you say:

**[pḗes íne i óres ja tin ipiresía domatiú?]**

Ποιες είναι οι ώρες για την υπηρεσία δωματίου;